

US Insurance

2021: What's the incentive?

Compensation ROEs decreased an average of 70 bps y/y

The average 2020 ROE target used in compensation metrics for P&C insurers decreased on avg. 70 bps y/y. We suspect that the decline in ROE expectations may be linked to reduced investment yields as interest rates remained low coming into 2020. Moreover, while pricing was improving for commercial lines insurers, it would take until 2021 to see it impact underwriting margins. For life insurers, ROE was not defined as a specific component of short-term incentive compensation factors for any company other than PRU, where there is a factor based on adjusted operating ROE relative to a peer group median. Rather, ROE, BVPS and EPS carried more weight in the long-term incentive programs for life insurers.

Performance shares continue to become a bigger part of long-term comp

In 2020, every Life and P&C Insurance company and broker in our analysis had 50% or more of LT comp linked to performance- an increase from last year following a revision to performance share allocation at CB (where performance shares comprises 56-75% of LTI comp), as well as changes for companies where performance-based award grants are not a fixed percentage (PGR, RE). On average, 64% of P&C long-term incentive programs, and 68% for Life, are performance-based with the remainder in stock options and time-based awards.

For P&C insurers and insurance brokers, CEO annual incentive comp declined 7% on average in 2020

2020 annual incentive compensation declined on average by 7% y/y for the insurers in our analysis; however, this varied considerably from company to company given the mixed impacts on the pandemic. AlZ led the way with a 33% increase in annual incentive comp for its CEO; this was primarily driven by an 18% increase in the CEO's base salary which forms the basis of the target award, and outperformance on performance metrics that determine the ultimate payout. HIG had the greatest decline in incentive comp at -34%, due to the company failing to reach its target core earnings metrics in 2020 (80% of target vs 148% in 2019. "Say on Pay" votes for P&C insurers remained very good with and average 92% approval of executive compensation.

For Life, avg. CEO annual incentive compensation declined 11% in 2020

2020 annual incentive compensation declined on average by 11% y/y for the Life CEOs in our analysis; though this varied considerably from company to company given the mixed impacts from the pandemic; the only Life stock with a positive total return was EQH with +7% (average was -9% for the group in 2020). UNM's had the only positive change, with a 6% increase, while RGA's declined 35%. Long-term incentives, however, made up for the short-term pressure overall driving total compensation for Life CEOs up 8% on average in 2020 (excluding changes in pension values). Aside from just CEOs, PRU was the leader in terms of highest paid executives overall, followed by MET and EQH. Say-on-pay results for life averaged 92% approval of executive compensation; LNC's approval dropping 10pts to 72% this year.

Equities

Americas Insurance

Brian Meredith

Analyst brian.meredith@ubs.com +1-212-713 2492

Michael Ward

Analyst michael.a.ward@ubs.com +1-212-713 3518

Weston Bloomer

Associate Analyst weston.bloomer@ubs.com +1-212-713 9715





P&C Compensation Analysis

P&C ROE targets declined in 2020

ROE targets for incentive compensation programs for 2020 decreased by average of 70 bps for the companies we looked at in this report that use this as a performance metric. This broke the trend of increasing ROE targets over the last two years, but is consistent with compensation committees adjusting performance targets for what they view as extraordinary events - such as Covid-19. For 2021, ALL increased its ROE target to 16% versus 14% in the prior year, while TRV kept its ROE flat at 10%.

Figure 1: Executive compensation ROE targets

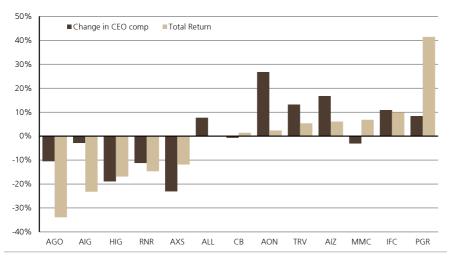
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| ACGL- Target for Annual Incentive Comp | | 10.0% | 12.0% | 11.0% | | | | | | |
| ALL - 100% Vesting of Performance Shares | 16.0% | 14.0% | 14.0% | 13.5% | 11.0% | 13.0% | 13.5% | 13.0% | 12.0% | 10.0% |
| AXS - Target for Annual Incentive Comp | | 10.0% | 10.0% | 9.0% | 9.0% | 9.0% | 9.0% | 10.0% | 10.0% | 10.0% |
| HIG - Implied Target for AIP | | 11.0% | 11.5% | 11.3% | 8.1% | 9.1% | 9.0% | 7.9% | | |
| RE - Midpoint of CEO Cash Bonus Grid | | 11.1% | 12.2% | 11.0% | 10.0% | 10.5% | 11.0% | 10.2% | 9.7% | 10.5% |
| RE - 100% Vesting of Performance Shares | | 11.1% | 12.2% | 11.0% | 10.0% | 10.5% | 11.0% | | | |
| TRV - 100% Vesting of Performance Shares | 10.0% | 10.0% | 10.0% | 10.0% | 10.0% | 10.0% | 10.0% | 10.0% | 9.0% | 10.0% |
| TRV - Business Plan for Annual Cash Bonus | | 11.0% | 11.8% | 10.0% | 10.1% | 11.2% | 11.8% | 12.3% | 10.7% | 10.3% |
| WRB - 100% Vesting of Performance Shares | | 9.3% | 9.5% | 10.4% | 9.6% | 8.7% | 9.4% | 9.3% | | |
| AVERAGE | | 10.8% | 11.5% | 10.8% | 9.7% | 10.3% | 10.6% | 10.4% | 10.3% | 10.2% |
| MEDIAN | | 11.0% | 11.8% | 11.0% | 10.0% | 10.3% | 10.5% | 10.0% | 10.0% | 10.0% |

Source : Company reports, UBSe; for Life Insurance, we found no specific short-term ROE targets for incentive comp (more important for LTI)

Correlation between CEO pay and shareholder return modestly deteriorating

For the majority of companies in our analysis, the change in CEO compensation y/y trended directionally with stock returns in 2020-likely due to increasingly prevalent TSR modifiers as part of long-term incentive comp programs. AON's CEO had the greatest increase in comp y/y at 26% relative to share returns of just 2%. PGR stock, in contrast, outperformed the most of its peers at with a +40% increase, but CEO comp increased by just under 10%.

Figure 2: P&C: AON had highest y/y increase in total comp while AXS had the least



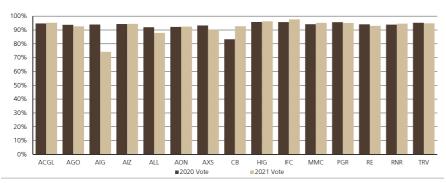
Source: Company reports, Factset. Excludes JRVR which has not filed its proxy at time of publishing, and RE which had a new CEO in 2020.

Results of say-on-pay votes remain strong with average affirmative vote of 92%

Say-on-pay votes stayed consistent , with an average affirmative vote of 92% versus 93% last year. AlG saw the biggest decline in its say-on-pay vote, with 74% of voters approving of its compensation plan versus 94% the previous year. Conversely, CB saw solid improvement in voting results as 93% of investors approved of executive compensation versus 83% last year. We believe the better results at CB are in part due the compensation committee's decision not to adjust any financial performance goals or other award criteria due to Covid-19 - in contrast to many peers, including AlG.



Figure 3: P&C: Say-on-pay vote results

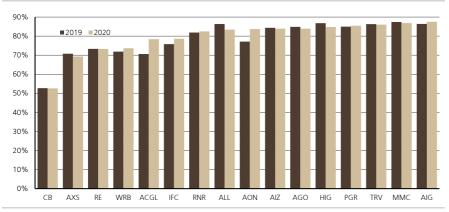


Source: Company reports. Excludes JRVR which has not released its proxy at time of publishing and ROOT which did not have a 2020 proxy.

Long-term compensation remains the bulk of NEO comp

On average, NEOs in our coverage received 80% of compensation for the prior three years in the form of long-term comp (**Figure 4**), slightly higher than last year. For 14 of the 16 companies we analyzed, LT comp represented 70% or more of total compensation for NEOs.

Figure 4: P&C: 3-year Average Long-term Compensation as % of Total Comp for all NEOs



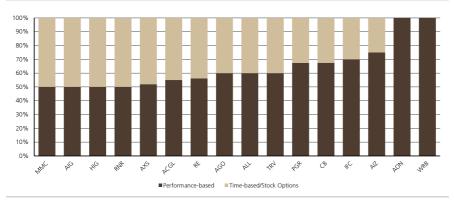
Source: Company reports. Excludes JRVR, which has not released its proxy at time of publishing.

Performance shares continue to become a bigger part of long-term comp

We believe that linking long-term incentive compensation to performance is the best way to align management incentives with shareholders. This year, every company in our analysis had 50% or more of LT comp linked to performance- an increase from last year following a revision to performance share allocation at CB (where performance shares comprises 56-75% of LTI comp), as well as changes for companies where performance-based award grants are not a fixed percentage (PGR, RE). We did not include JRVR this year as the proxy has not yet been released. On average, 64% of long-term incentive programs are performance-based with the remainder in stock options and time-based awards.



Figure 5: P&C: 2020 Long-term incentive comp % based on performance

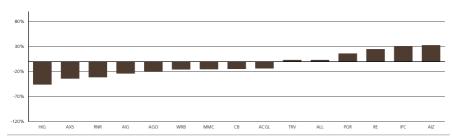


Source: Company reports. Excludes JRVR which has not released its proxy at time of publishing.

AIZ leads group with 33% increase in CEO annual incentive compensation

2020 annual incentive compensation declined on average by 7% y/y for the insurers in our analysis; however, this varied considerably from company to company given the mixed impacts of the pandemic. AIZ led the way with a 33% increase in annual incentive comp for its CEO; this was primarily driven by an 18% increase in the CEO's base salary which forms the basis of the target award, and outperformance on performance metrics that determine the ultimate payout. HIG had the greatest decline in incentive comp at -34%, due to the company failing to reach its target core earnings metrics in 2020 (80% of target vs 148% in 2019).

Figure 6: P&C: Year-over-year increase in CEO's annual incentive compensation

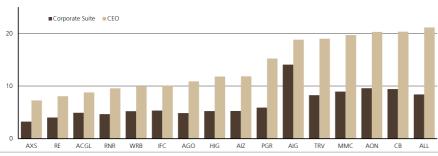


Source: Company reports; excludes JRVR, which has not released its proxy at time of publishing, and AON where executives chose to forgo 2019 bonuses.

AIG continues to lead group in total NEO compensation

We compared total NEO compensation to the average compensation paid for all NEOS. AIG remained the leader in terms of highest paid executives overall, however, the leaders in CEO compensation for 2020 were CB, MMC, and ALL (again), as well as AON this year.

Figure 7: P&C: Total compensation for CEO and average for all NEOs



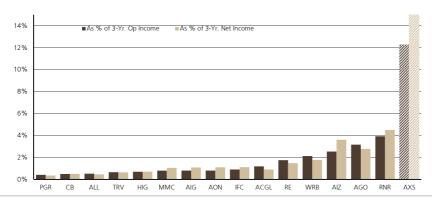
Source: Company reports. Excludes JRVR, which has not released its proxy at time of publishing,

Another metric we looked at is CEO compensation as a % of both operating and net income. CEO compensation averaged ~2% of 3-year operating income (down from 3% last year), with 9 out of 16 companies below 1%. AXS had the highest percentage again this year at 12%, but this is primarily due to an operating loss in 2020 as results were impacted by heavy catastrophe losses, including those from the pandemic. If we assume



AXS earned similar operating income in the past three years as it did in 2019, this number drops to 4%.

Figure 8: P&C: 3-yr CEO compensation as % operating, net income



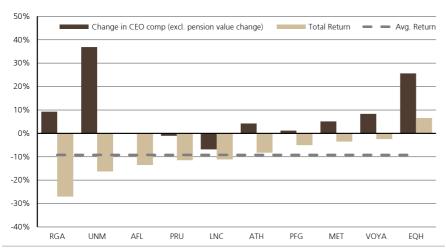
Source: Company reports (proxy statements). Note: AIG and AXS % of net income not shown due to negative net income; AXS represents 19% of three-year operating income. Excludes JRVR, which has not released its proxy at time of publishing.

Life Compensation Analysis

Lower correlation between CEO pay and total shareholder return

There was little correlation between the change in CEO total compensation in 2020 versus total shareholder returns for the life group. This is not necessarily surprising given the impact of historically low interest rates and the pandemic on life insurance stocks in 2020. For this analysis, we exclude change in pension values as they are outside the direct control of participants and are impacted by changes in discount rates etc. Nonetheless, UNM's CEO had the biggest increase in comp in 2020 at +37%, primarily in LTI, followed by EQH's CEO at +26%. This compares to total return for UNM shares in 2020 of -16%, and +7% for EQH.

Figure 9: Life: UNM had highest y/y increase in total comp while LNC had the least

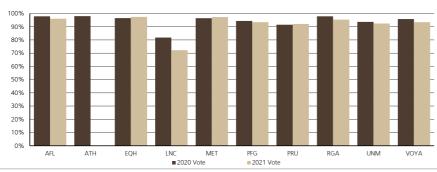


Source: Company reports, Factset.

Results of Life say-on-pay votes declined 2pts with average affirmative vote of $92\,\%$

Say-on-pay votes declined slightly, with an average affirmative vote of 92% in 2021 versus 94% last year. LNC saw the biggest decline in its say-on-pay vote, with 72% of voters approving of its compensation plan versus 82% last year. Conversely, EQH, MET and PRU each saw an improvement of one percentage point in 2021 for approval of executive compensation. We note LNC's compensation committee made adjustments to incentive compensation plans in response to COVID, whereas EQH, MET and PRU made no adjustments to goals or criteria. ATH's 2021 results are not yet available as the annual meeting is scheduled for August 31, 2021.

Figure 10: Life: Say-on-pay vote results



Source: Company reports. ATH annual meeting scheduled for Aug. 31, 2021

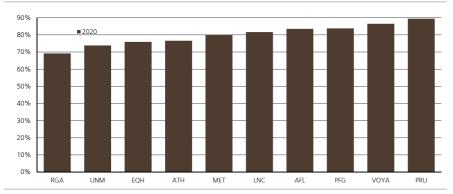
Long-term compensation remains the bulk of NEO comp for Life

On average, NEOs in our coverage received 80% of compensation for the prior three years in the form of long-term compensation, which was the same average percentage as P&C insurance. For almost all of the companies we analyzed, LT comp represented



70% or more of total compensation for NEOs.

Figure 11: Life: 3-year Average Long-term Compensation as % of Total Comp for all NEOs

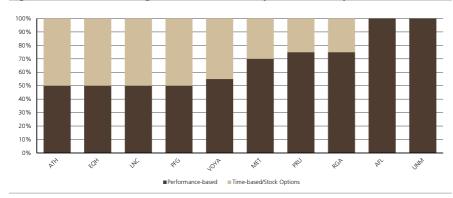


Source: Company reports. Total comp excludes change in pension value and perquisites

Performance shares continue to become a bigger part of long-term comp

We believe that linking long-term incentive compensation to performance is the best way to align management incentives with shareholders. Every life company in our analysis had 50% or more of LT comp linked to performance. On average, 68% of Life long-term incentive programs are performance-based with the remainder in stock options and time-based awards.

Figure 12: Life: 2020 Long-term incentive comp % based on performance

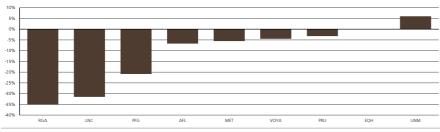


Source: Company reports.

UNM leads Life group with 6% increase in CEO annual incentive compensation

2020 annual incentive compensation declined on average by 11% y/y for the Life insurers in our analysis; however, this varied considerably from company to company given the mixed impacts on the pandemic. UNM had the only positive change, with a 6% increase in annual incentive comp for its CEO; this was primarily driven by UNM's compensation committee considering his 2020 performance and other factors including investor perceptions around LTC. RGA had the biggest decline in comp for 2020, largely driven by pandemic impacts on the company's EPS and BVPS targets.

Figure 13: Life: Year-over-year increase in CEO's annual incentive compensation



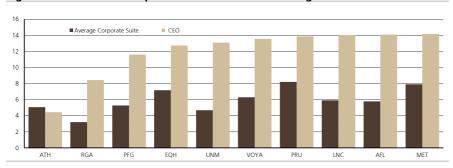
Source : Company reports

PRU, MET lead the Life group in total NEO compensation



We compared total NEO compensation to the average compensation paid for all NEOs. PRU is the leader in terms of highest paid executives overall, followed by MET, and then EQH.

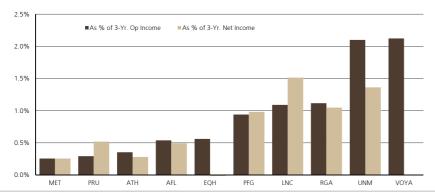
Figure 14: Life: Total compensation for CEO and average for all NEOs



Source: Company reports. Total compensation excludes change in pension value.

Another metric we looked at is trailing three-year CEO compensation as a % of both operating and net income. CEO compensation averaged ~1% of 3-year operating income, with 6 out of 10 companies below 1%. VOYA had the highest percentage this year at 2.1%, while MET had the lowest with 0.3%. We note this is based on reported operating income, which includes pandemic underwriting impacts but also alternative investment returns.

Figure 15: Life: 3-yr CEO compensation as % operating, net income



Source: Company reports (proxy statements). Note: EQH % of net income not shown due to negative net income; VOYA % of net income not shown due to impact on net income from sale of individual life and other closed block businesses (initial write-down of assets held for sale in 2019 plus pandemic-related net losses from the life business in 2020 reported under businesses to be exited).



Aflac (AFL)

Figure 16: AFL Executive Compensation Summary

| Name/Job Title | Year | Salary | Bonus | Stock Awards O | ption Awards | Non-Equity IP Comp | Change in Pension Value | All Other Comp | Total Comp | Equity-Based Awards / Total Comp |
|------------------------|------|-----------|-------|----------------|--------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|------------|--|
| Daniel P. Amos | 2020 | 1,441,100 | - | 8,471,063 | | 3,734,173 | 8,514,587 | 452,804 | 22,613,727 | 37% |
| Chairman & CEO | 2019 | 1,441,100 | - | 8,272,062 | | 4,002,594 | - | 393,096 | 14,108,852 | 59% |
| | 2018 | 1,441,100 | - | 8,922,142 | | 4,638,345 | 2,166,871 | 366,940 | 17,535,398 | 51% |
| Max K. Broden | 2020 | 560,000 | - | 978,137 | - | 620,672 | - | 195,451 | 2,354,260 | 42% |
| EVP, CFO and Treasurer | 2019 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2018 | | | | | | | | | |
| Frederick J. Crawford | 2020 | 825,000 | - | 2,058,586 | | 1,807,738 | - | 439,337 | 5,130,661 | 40% |
| President, COO | 2019 | 725,000 | - | 3,066,265 | | 1,104,981 | - | 322,446 | 5,218,692 | 59% |
| | 2018 | 725,000 | - | 4,905,453 | | 1,391,688 | - | 366,214 | 7,388,355 | 66% |
| Eric M. Kirsch | 2020 | 650,000 | - | 1,297,533 | - | 2,219,400 | 64,131 | 30,615 | 4,261,679 | 30% |
| EVP, CIO | 2019 | 650,000 | - | 1,338,520 | | 2,291,995 | 80,568 | 29,729 | 4,390,812 | 30% |
| | 2018 | 593,800 | - | 2,248,570 | - | 2,150,087 | 22,820 | 28,620 | 5,043,897 | 45% |
| Audrey Boone Tillman | 2020 | 700,000 | | 1,746,677 | | 713,650 | 1,910,129 | 11,560 | 5,082,016 | 34% |
| EVP, General Counsel | 2019 | 680,000 | - | 1,400,319 | - | 850,830 | 2,636,646 | 38,695 | 5,606,490 | 25% |
| | 2018 | 670,333 | - | 1,429,765 | | 1,121,759 | 1,135,561 | 13,739 | 4,371,157 | 33% |

Source: Company reports (proxy statement).

Annual Incentive Compensation.

AFL determines its annual bonus compensation payout based on consolidated adjusted EPS excluding foreign currency effect, new annualized premiums & earned premiums in the US and Japan, GAAP net investment income in the US and Japan, as well as credit losses/impairments. In addition to currency neutrality, AFL considers the prior year's results, current business operating environment and the forecasts emerging from the Company's strategic planning process when setting objectives for each metric. For example, new product launches and distribution expansion can materially affect sales results in Japan from one year to the next. In addition, low interest rates were expected to continue in 2020, especially in Japan. A low rate environment would continue to pressure Aflac Japan's net investment income, as private placement investments were called or matured, and lead mgmt to continue actively managing down sales of first sector savings type products, which have returns that are more interest rate sensitive. The goals for these metrics, having been established before the onset of the global pandemic, are generally consistent with AFL's public guidance as provided during the 2019 December Outlook Call.

Figure 17: AFL annual incentive metrics

| Metric | Minimum Goal | Target Goal | Maximum Goal | 2020 Actual | 2020 Payout % vs. Target |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------|---------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Adj. EPS ex. Fx | \$4.32 | \$4.42 | \$4.55 | \$4.89 | 200% |
| US Sales Growth | 3.50% | 4.50% | 6.00% | -31.14% | 0% |
| US Earned Premium Growth | 0.00% | 0.60% | 1.25% | -1.17% | 0% |
| Japan Sales Growth (ex. Japan Post) | ¥59.0b | ¥62.4b | ¥66.6b | ¥50.2b | 0% |
| Japan Decrease in Earned Premium | -1.10% | -0.67% | -0.20% | -0.98% | 63.73% |
| NII (GAAP US & Japan) | Budget minus 2.2% | Budget | Budget plus 2.7% | 4.76% | 200% |
| Credit Losses/Impairments | -\$375m | -\$225m | -\$75m | -\$125m | 167% |

Source: Company reports (proxy statement).

Long Term Equity Incentives. Long-term variable equity awards granted annually in performance-based restricted stock ("PBRS") (100% of LTI for the CEO and other NEOs) under AFL's Long-Term Incentive Plan. PBRS vests based on three-year financial performance. Currency neutral adjusted ROE (70% weighting), Risk-Based Capital (15% weighting), and Solvency Margin Ratio (15% weighting) are metrics that affect AFL's long-term business strategy and operating environment. Payout is also contingent on a relative total shareholder return modifier up to +/- 20% to capture performance relative to peers.

What's the Incentive? The PBRS target through 2023 is for 3-year average AROE of 14% (minimum 12.5%), SMR of 622% (minimum 522%), RBC 422% (minimum 52%). The targets exclude potential impacts from LDTI, unrealized gains on AFS securities, etc. For 2021, AFL will widen MIP thresholds around target levels while maintaining sloping on certain metrics, and will begin incorporating an ESG modifier of -5%, flat or +5% based on achievement of critical ESG objectives. AFL beat the targeted currency-neutral

US Insurance 3 August 2021 取途圈一专业的职场人报告咨询平台 (zhituquan. com)



adjusted ROE target in 2020, with 15.1%; consensus forecasts are for 13.9% 12.7% in 2021/22E respectively, implying a 3-yr avg. of 13.9%, modestly below the LTI target but within the minimum threshold.



Allstate Corporation

Figure 18: ALL Executive Compensation Summary

| | | | | Stock | Option I | Non-Equity IP | Change in | | | Equity-Based Awards / Total |
|--|------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------------|------------------|--------------|------------|--------------------------------|
| Name/Job Title | Year | Salary | Bonus | Awards | Awards | Comp | Pension Value Al | I Other Comp | Total Comp | Comp |
| Thomas J. Wilson II | 2020 | 1,375,962 | - | 7,312,094 | 4,404,993 | 4,889,565 | 3,116,842 | 26,930 | 21,126,386 | 55% |
| Chairman & CEO | 2019 | 1,340,385 | | 6,045,035 | 4,030,005 | 4,730,100 | 3,354,557 | 115,614 | 19,615,696 | 51% |
| | 2018 | 1,290,385 | - | 5,812,528 | 3,874,998 | 6,719,194 | 873,170 | 116,971 | 18,687,246 | 52% |
| Mario Rizzo | 2020 | 752,039 | | 1,434,229 | 863,998 | 1,250,000 | 516,698 | 26,112 | 4,843,076 | 47% |
| Executive VP & CFO | 2019 | 716,154 | - | 1,260,045 | 840,002 | 1,053,000 | 531,414 | 25,530 | 4,426,145 | 47% |
| | 2018 | 690,577 | - | 1,260,038 | 840,004 | 1,510,788 | | 25,391 | 4,326,798 | 49% |
| Don Civgin | 2020 | 905,769 | - | 1,952,092 | 1,175,995 | 1,810,861 | 113,798 | 28,664 | 5,987,179 | 52% |
| Vica Chair and CEO, Protection Products and Svcs | 2019 | 836,154 | | 1,476,031 | 983,993 | 1,400,000 | 111,961 | 33,101 | 4,841,240 | 51% |
| | 2018 | 816,154 | - | 1,439,978 | 960,000 | 1,900,000 | 80,984 | 37,580 | 5,234,696 | 46% |
| Glenn Shapiro | 2020 | 828,077 | | 1,683,122 | 1,014,003 | 1,473,089 | 67,206 | 34,382 | 5,099,879 | 53% |
| President, Personal Lines | 2019 | 774,231 | - | 1,462,532 | 974,999 | 1,366,000 | 77,506 | 35,281 | 4,690,549 | 52% |
| | 2018 | 743,942 | | 1,462,528 | 974,995 | 2,050,000 | 46,564 | 38,270 | 5,316,299 | 46% |
| John Dugenske | 2020 | 810,577 | - | 1,672,397 | 1,007,507 | 1,410,109 | 59,411 | 25,482 | 4,985,483 | 54% |
| President, Investments and Fin. Products | 2019 | 770,193 | | 1,350,008 | 900,001 | 1,132,000 | 64,737 | 24,760 | 4,241,699 | 53% |
| | 2018 | 745.192 | 2.000.000 | 1.380.029 | 920.007 | 1.616.607 | 78.006 | 24.560 | 6.764.401 | 34% |

Source: Company reports.

Annual Cash Incentive Awards. ALL has maintained the same three performance measures for the bonus pool- performance net income, total premiums, and net investment income (NII) - as in 2019. However, in 2020 the company chose to decrease the relative importance of NII to incentive comp. Benchmarks and actual performance on each of the metrics are shown in **Figure 16**. Beginning in 2021, ALL will also begin consider a "Strategic Initiatives Scorecard" measure which will measure progress on Transformative Growth and inclusive diversity and equity strategies.

Figure 19: ALL Annual Cash Incentive Award Performance Measures (\$mln)

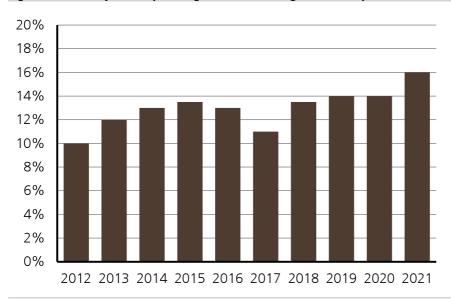
| | % Contribution | | | | | Payout as % |
|------------------------|----------------|-----------|--------|---------|--------|-------------|
| Measure | to Funding | Threshold | Target | Maximum | Actual | of Target |
| <u>2020:</u> | | | | | | |
| Total Premiums | 43.6% | 40,200 | 40,700 | 41,200 | 40,258 | 55.8% |
| Performance Net Income | 43.6% | 2,600 | 3,300 | 4,000 | 4,967 | 200.0% |
| Net Investment Income | 12.8% | 3,115 | 3,400 | 3,685 | 3,240 | 71.9% |
| Percentage Payout | | 50% | 100% | 200% | | |
| | | | | | | |
| <u>2019:</u> | | | | | | |
| Total Premiums | 43.0% | 39,100 | 39,800 | 40,200 | 39,455 | 75.4% |
| Performance Net Income | 43.0% | 2,350 | 3,150 | 3,800 | 3,571 | 164.8% |
| Net Investment Income | 14.0% | 3,095 | 3,315 | 3,535 | 3,260 | 87.5% |
| Percentage Payout | | 50% | 100% | 200% | | |

Source : Company reports.

When compared against 2019 actual results, 2020 plan targets were higher for total premiums and NII, and lower for performance net income which we believe reflects the challenging operating environment many companies faced in 2020.

Long-term Equity Incentive Awards. Starting in 2021, performance share awards will be based on Average Performance Net Income ROE (50% weighting), Relative TSR (30% weighting) and Items in Force Growth (20% weighting), which is a new metric for this award cycle. For Relative TSR, payouts are 0% for performance < 25th percentile, 50% for performance at the 25th percentile, 100% for performance at the 55th percentile, and 200% for performance at the 90th percentile. ALL kept the mix of equity incentives for senior executives at 60% performance stock awards (PSAs) and 40% stock options.

Figure 20: ALL Adjusted Operating Income ROE targets for PSU plan



Source : Company reports.

What's the Incentive? Allstate increased its PSA ROE benchmarks for the 2021-2023 performance cycle to 16.0%. ALL is currently above the 14% target for both 2019-2021 and 2020-2022 award cycles. We estimate the 2020 ROE was around 21.2%; in order to hit its target for 2020-2022 awards, ALL must earn an average ROE of at least ~10.4% for 2021 and 2022.



American International Group

Figure 21: AIG Executive Compensation Summary

| Name/Job Title | Year | Salary | Bonus | Stock Awards | Option Awards | Non-Equity IP Comp | Change in Pension Value | All Other Comp | Total Comp | Equity-Based Awards / Total Comp |
|--|------|-----------|-----------|--------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------|------------|--|
| Brian Duperreault | 2020 | 1,600,000 | | 9,060,331 | 3,224,992 | 4,500,000 | 184,309 | 240,742 | 18,810,374 | 65% |
| CEO | 2019 | 1,600,000 | | 8,613,966 | 2,799,997 | 5,920,000 | 178,306 | 257,368 | 19,369,637 | 59% |
| | 2018 | 1,600,000 | | 11,757,189 | 4,199,993 | 3,040,000 | | 257,487 | 20,854,669 | 77% |
| Mark Lyons | 2020 | 1,000,000 | | 5,291,393 | 824,998 | 3,059,000 | | 61,065 | 10,236,456 | 60% |
| Executive VP & CFO | 2019 | 1,000,000 | | 2,845,654 | 924,997 | 2,924,000 | | 60,479 | 7,755,130 | 49% |
| | 2018 | 453,846 | | 178,942 | 3,068,721 | 1,050,000 | | 8,379 | 4,759,888 | 68% |
| Peter Zaffino | 2020 | 1,400,000 | | 15,952,472 | 2,149,992 | 4,500,000 | | 64,522 | 24,066,986 | 75% |
| President and COO | 2019 | 1,365,386 | 2,396,867 | 6,460,452 | 2,099,998 | 6,000,000 | | 65,631 | 18,388,334 | 47% |
| | 2018 | 1,250,000 | 2,396,867 | 4,461,383 | 1,593,742 | 2,850,000 | | 68,467 | 12,620,459 | 48% |
| Douglas Dachille | 2020 | 1,250,000 | | 2,985,016 | 1,062,500 | 3,300,000 | 1,090 | 67,661 | 8,666,267 | 47% |
| EVP and CIO | 2019 | 1,250,000 | | 3,537,883 | 1,149,995 | 4,525,000 | 596 | 82,145 | 10,545,619 | 44% |
| | 2018 | 1,192,308 | | 4,461,383 | 1,593,742 | 2,375,000 | 385 | 84,578 | 9,707,396 | 62% |
| Lucy Fato | 2020 | 930,000 | | 3,741,505 | 987,497 | 2,869,000 | | 64,188 | 8,592,190 | 55% |
| EVP, General Counsel | | | | | | | | | | |
| Head of Communications and Gov Affairs | | | | | | | | | | |

Source: Company reports.

Annual Cash Incentive Bonuses. In light of challenging operating conditions in 2020, AIG's compensation committee chose to concentrate on company-wide performance metrics rather than individual business units, with a focus on liquidity, capital preservation and de-risking the portfolio as strategic priorities. While the fundamental structure of the calculations in the program and the payout profile remain unchanged from 2019, the CMRC designed the 2020 STI program to reward for a strong capital position emerging from the COVID-19 crisis with which to pursue longer-term strategies that unlock shareholder value, including the announcement of the planned separation of AIG's Life and Retirement business from AIG.

Figure 22: Performance Scorecard Metrics and Results

| Business | Performance Metric | 2020 Actual | Assessment |
|--|---|-----------------|--------------|
| Headquarters | Direct GOE for full year | \$1,447 million | Target |
| Duperreault, Lyons, Zaffino, Fato | AIG 200 Cumulative Run-rate Net GOE Savings | ~\$400 million | Above Target |
| | Weighted Average of General Insurance, Investments and Life | | |
| | and Retirement Performance | N/A | Above Target |
| | Headquarters Performance Assessment vs. Expectations | | 107.5% |
| General Insurance | Accident Year Combined Ratio, As Adjusted | 94.1% | Above Target |
| Zaffino; indirect component of Headquarters | Underwriting Capital—RBC | 460% | Above Target |
| | Underwriting Capital—Liquidity to Parent | \$1,318 million | Target |
| | General Insurance Performance Assessment vs. Expectations | | 107.5% |
| Investments | Performance relative to Benchmark | +31 bps | Above Target |
| Dachille; indirect component of Headquarters | Direct GOE for full year(1) | \$386 million | Above Target |
| | Investments Performance Assessment vs. Expectations | | 115.0% |
| Life & Retirement | Normalized Return on Adjusted Segment Common Equity | 13.6% | Target |
| Indirect component of Headquarters | GOE (Net) | \$1,513 million | Below Target |
| | Capital—RBC | 433% | Above Target |
| | Capital—Liquidity to Parent | \$2,296 million | Above Target |
| | Life & Retirement Performance Assessment vs. Expectations | | 102.5% |

Source : Company reports (proxy statement). Above Target (101%-150% payout); Target (100% payout); Threshold (50%-99% payout); Below Threshold (0% payout).

Annual incentive compensation is also judged using an individual performance scorecard with a more qualitative assessment of achievements which, when combined with business unit performance, will determine the overall payout.

Long-Term Incentive Share-Based Awards. There were also changes to the structure of long term share awards which are comprised of performance share units or PSUs (50%), stock options (25%), and restricted stock units (25%). PSUs granted as part of the LTI were subject to the following new metrics Relative Tangible BVPS growth (80% weighting), AIG 200 Cumulative run-rate net GOE Savings (20% weighting) and TSR (if in top quartile, payouts increased by 10% and if in bottom quartile, payouts decreased by 10%).

Results for 2018-2020 performance-based shares are in Figure 14.



Figure 23: 2018–2020 Long-term Incentive Awards

| | Perform | ance Goal (% | Payout) | A | ctual Performar | nce | Earned | Performance (9 | 6 Target) | |
|--|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|----------|-----------------|---------|---------|----------------|-----------|----------------------|
| Performance Metric | Threhold (50%) | Target (100%) | Maximum (200%) | FY 2018 | FY 2019 | FY 2020 | FY 2018 | FY 2019 | FY 2020 | Payout (Weighted) |
| Accident Year Combined Ratio, as Adjusted, including Average Annual Losses | - | - | - | 103.9% | 100.4% | 98.1% | - | - | - | - |
| Annual Improvement | 0.5 pt | 1 pt | 2 pt | (0.9) pt | 3.5 pt | 2.3 pt | 0% | 200% | 200% | 133% |
| Core Normalized BVPS | - | - | - | \$48.28 | \$56.20 | \$63.36 | - | - | - | - |
| Annual Growth | 5% | 10% | 15% | 6.7% | 16.4% | 12.7% | 67% | 200% | 155% | 141% |
| Core Normalized Return on Attributed Common Equity | 9% | 10% | 11% | N/A | N/A | 6.3% | N/A | N/A | 0% | 0% |
| Combined 2018—2020 Performance Payout: | | | | | | | | | | 91% |

Source : Company reports (proxy statement).

What's the Incentive? We estimate that, in order to hit its target for 2019-2021 PSUs or the median of the S&P 500 Insurance peer group, AIG's share price would likely have to outperform the median TSR of the peer group by 19% from now until YE20210.



Aon plc

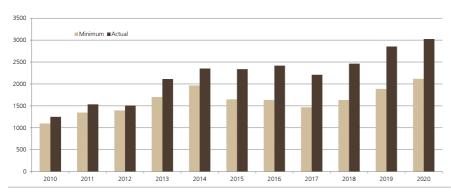
Figure 24: AON Executive Compensation Summary

| Name/ | | | | | Option I | Non-Equity IP | Change in | | | Equity-Based Awards / |
|--------------------------|------|-----------|-------|--------------|----------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|------------|--------------------------|
| Job Title | Year | Salary | Bonus | Stock Awards | Awards | Comp | Pension Value A | All Other Comp | TOTAL COMP | Total Comp |
| Gregory C. Case | 2020 | 1,500,000 | - | 15,880,566 | - | 2,242,500 | - | 671,430 | 20,294,496 | 78% |
| President & CEO | 2019 | 1,500,000 | - | 13,705,798 | - | - | - | 802,045 | 16,007,843 | 86% |
| | 2018 | 1,500,000 | - | 12,694,073 | - | 1,300,000 | - | 669,802 | 16,163,875 | 79% |
| Christa Davies | 2020 | 1,000,000 | - | 6,779,055 | - | 1,300,000 | - | 3,164,888 | 12,243,943 | 55% |
| Executive VP & CFO | 2019 | 975,000 | - | 5,024,842 | - | - | - | 1,739,576 | 7,739,418 | 65% |
| | 2018 | 900,000 | - | 4,375,050 | - | 1,040,000 | - | 6,003,119 | 12,318,169 | 36% |
| Eric Andersen | 2020 | 1,000,000 | - | 4,358,044 | - | 975,000 | 307,284 | 33,975 | 6,674,303 | 65% |
| CO President | 2019 | 975,000 | - | 3,261,849 | - | - | 417,424 | 47,384 | 4,701,657 | 69% |
| | 2018 | 900,000 | - | 2,944,817 | - | 650,000 | (143,864) | 44,355 | 4,395,308 | 67% |
| John Bruno | 2020 | 950,000 | - | 3,534,833 | - | - | - | 30,631 | 4,515,464 | 78% |
| Chief Operations Officer | 2019 | 925,000 | - | 2,741,532 | - | - | | 38,086 | 3,704,618 | 74% |
| | 2018 | | | | | | | | | |
| Anthony Goland | 2020 | 900,000 | - | 2,878,451 | - | 380,250 | - | | 4,158,701 | 69% |
| Chief Innovation Officer | 2019 | | | | | | | | | |

Source: Company report.

Performance-Based Annual Bonus. AON's annual bonuses in 2020 were payable 65% in cash and 35% in restricted stock units. Eligibility for this award year was determined based on adjusted operating income (OI) relative to 70% of the prior year baseline; in this instance, the threshold achievement was \$2,118m. The 2020 adjusted OI was determined at \$3,025m (x/ \$125mm of restructuring savings), representing 100% of the 2019 baseline level and surpassing the minimum level.

Figure 25: Annual Incentive Target



Source : Company reports.

While AON does not provide exact guidelines for how annual comp is allocated between the executives, they do specify that each individual is capped at the lesser of \$10mm or 200% of target annual incentive; this was changed from the 2019 award year where the cap was the lesser of \$10mm of 300% of target annual incentive.

Figure 26: NEO annual incentive compensation targets

| NEO | 2020 target |
|-----------------|-------------|
| Gregory C. Case | \$3,000,000 |
| Christa Davies | \$1,680,000 |
| Eric Andersen | \$1,000,000 |
| John Bruno | \$950,000 |
| Anthony Goland | \$900,000 |

Source : Company reports.

Historically, 100% of the pool funding was based on adjusted OI; however for the 2021 award year and beyond, 80% of pool funding will be based on adjusted OI while the remaining 20% will be based on quantitive metrics around inclusion & diversity initiatives.



Equity-Based Awards. AON's Leadership Performance Plan (LPP) equity compensation comes in the form of performance shares (PSUs) which vest after three years and settle in a range of 0% to 200% of target value based upon three-year cumulative adjusted EPS targets. AON does not discloses the EPS targets as they are considered commercially sensitive. For the 2018-2020 plan, the awards settled at 155% of target (**Figure 26**).

Figure 27: Payout Ranges for AON's "Leadership Performance Plan"

| | | Three-Yea | r Cumulative Adjuste | d EPS | |
|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Payout of Target Award | 2018-2020 | 2017-2019 | 2016-2018 Plan | 2015-2017 Plan | 2014-2016 Plan |
| 0% | Less than \$20.68 | Less than \$17.16 | Less than \$18.28 | Less than \$17.44 | Less than \$15.11 |
| 50% | \$20.68 | \$17.16 | \$18.28 | \$17.44 | \$15.11 |
| 100% | \$21.47 | \$17.95 | \$19.01 | \$18.14 | \$16.11 |
| 200% | \$24.71 | \$19.76 | \$20.72 | \$19.76 | \$17.31 |
| Growth for 100% payout | 19.6% | -5.6% | 4.8% | 4.0% | 16.7% |
| Actual Cumulative EPS | \$22.36 | \$21.41 | \$20.31 | \$19.20 | \$18.29 |

Source: Company reports. Note: Aon's current definition of adjusted earnings excludes intangible amortization as an expense starting with the 2012-2014 plan.

What's the Incentive? For its annual incentive bonus, AON earned an adjusted OI of ~43% over the minimum threshold and met its target to fund the bonus pool. We view these targets (which are 70% of the prior year adjusted OI) as a relatively low hurdle for executive management to clear. For the "Leadership Performance Plan" (LPP), AON does not disclose its current year performance plan targets based on cumulative adjusted EPS; however for the 2018-2020 performance year, EPS targets increased meaningfully y/y (19.6% vs. -5.6% in prior year).

US Insurance 3 August 2021

1 职途圈—专业的职场人报告咨询平台(zhituquan.com)



Arch Capital Group Ltd

Figure 28: ACGL Executive Compensation Summary

| Name/Job Title | Year | Salary | Bonus | Stock Awards | Option Awards | Non-Equity IP Comp | Change in Pension Value | All Other Comp | Total Comp | Equity-Based Awards / Total Comp |
|------------------------------------|------|-----------|---------|--------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------|------------|--|
| Marc J.R. Grandisson | 2020 | 1,000,000 | | 3,477,082 | 1,125,006 | 2,737,000 | | 440,744 | 8,779,832 | 52% |
| CEO, Class III Director | 2019 | 1,000,000 | | 3,614,402 | 1,125,114 | 3,176,000 | | 444,513 | 9,360,029 | 51% |
| | 2018 | 982,576 | | 2,828,662 | 5,500,589 | 3,121,000 | | 451,360 | 12,884,187 | 65% |
| Francois Morin | 2020 | 625,000 | | 965,844 | 624,700 | 1,425,000 | | 285,260 | 3,925,804 | 41% |
| EVP, Treasurer & CFO | 2019 | 625,000 | | 1,003,998 | 312,532 | 1,561,000 | | 282,755 | 3,785,285 | 35% |
| | 2018 | 563,406 | | 1,299,874 | 458,462 | 1,309,000 | | 271,642 | 3,902,384 | 45% |
| Nicolas Papadopoulo | 2020 | 750,000 | | 1,159,012 | 374,999 | 1,419,000 | | 399,517 | 4,102,528 | 37% |
| CEO, Arch Worldwide Insurance | 2019 | 750,000 | | 1,204,824 | 375,035 | 1,544,000 | | 382,650 | 4,256,509 | 37% |
| | 2018 | 750,000 | | 942,861 | 333,535 | 1,666,000 | | 392,117 | 4,084,513 | 31% |
| Maamoun Rajeh | 2020 | 650,000 | 589,856 | 1,004,477 | 325,002 | 1,165,144 | | 588,785 | 4,323,264 | 31% |
| Chairman and CEO, Arch Reinsurance | 2019 | 650,000 | 916,827 | 1,044,163 | 325,031 | 1,247,182 | | 531,746 | 4,714,949 | 29% |
| | 2018 | 650,000 | 474,000 | 817,192 | 289,076 | 1,031,000 | | 528,502 | 3,789,770 | 29% |
| David E. Gansberg | 2020 | 650,000 | 213,200 | 1,004,477 | 325,002 | 1,223,800 | | 72,016 | 3,488,495 | 38% |
| CEO, Global Mortgage | 2019 | 631,792 | 368,402 | 859,035 | 200,812 | 1,255,176 | | 67,644 | 3,382,861 | 31% |

Source: Company reports (proxy statement).

Annual Incentive Compensation. For its short term incentive program, the company uses a combination of financial performance metrics (70%) at both the company level and the segment level to determine what each executive will earn, as well as more qualitative strategic criteria (30%). The program is designed to look back at the last ten underwriting years in order to evaluate performance and determine the payout. One measure that is included in financial metrics is an ROE target which ACGL publishes annually. For 2020 the target ROE decreased from 12% to 10%, likely reflecting some of the headwinds ACGL expected from the pandemic.

Figure 29: ROE targets for the 2020 underwriting year

| | Threshold | Target | Maximum |
|---|-----------|--------|---------|
| ROE scale for 2020 underwriting year | 8% | 10% | 15% |
| Payout as % of target | 20% | 100% | 200% |
| Level of Goal Achievement Required: Group Level | 85% | 100% | 115% |
| Level of Goal Achievement Required: Unit Level | 50% | 100% | 150% |

Source : Company reports.

Long Term Incentive Plan. ACGL awards long-term compensation through a mix of performance-based shares (55%), time based RSUs (20%), and stock options (25%), all of which vest over a three year period.

PSU payouts are determined by growth in tangible book value per share (TBVPS) over the performance period as outlined below (Figure 26). The ultimate % of shares that will vest is determined by a TSR multiplier, where a TSR greater than/equal to the 65th percentile of the peer group will increase earned awards by up to 25%, while a TSR that is less than/equal to the 35th percentile of the peer group will decrease earned awards by up to 25%. For 2020 the target TBVPS growth decreased modestly from 12% to 11%

Figure 30: TBVPS growth target for 2020-2022 performance period

| | Threshold | Target | Maximum |
|------------------------------|-----------|--------|---------|
| Growth in TBVPS | 6% | 11% | 16% |
| Shares earned as % of target | 50% | 100% | 200% |

Source : Company reports.

What's the Incentive? For 2020, ACGL's growth in TBVPS was ~16.4%. In order to meet the target 11% annualized growth over the three year performance period, it must grow at an annualized rate of at least ~8.3% over the next two years (not taking into account any modifier applied as a result of the TSR).



Assurant Inc.

Figure 31: AIZ Executive Compensation Summary

| Name/Job Title | Year | Salary | Bonus | Stock Awards | Option Awards | Non-Equity IP Comp | Change in Pension Value | All Other Comp | Total Comp | Equity-Based Awards / Total Comp |
|--------------------------------------|------|-----------|-------|--------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|------------|--|
| Alan Colberg | 2020 | 1,192,692 | | 7,326,852 | | 2,169,600 | 574,018 | 592,804 | 11,855,966 | 62% |
| President and CEO | 2019 | 1,008,846 | - | 6,325,137 | - | 1,632,160 | 689,937 | 499,602 | 10,155,682 | 62% |
| | 2018 | 979,039 | - | 10,498,984 | - | 1,738,773 | - | 400,150 | 13,616,946 | 77% |
| Richard Dziadzio | 2020 | 679,231 | - | 1,985,638 | - | 768,400 | - | 236,703 | 3,669,972 | 54% |
| EVP and CFO | 2019 | 659,250 | - | 1,994,158 | - | 666,600 | - | 206,160 | 3,526,168 | 57% |
| | 2018 | 639,904 | - | 4,217,599 | - | 710,293 | - | 134,584 | 5,702,380 | 74% |
| Gene Mergelmeyer | 2020 | 733,673 | - | 2,339,859 | - | 1,037,481 | 1,242,517 | 296,032 | 5,649,562 | 41% |
| EVP and COO | 2019 | 712,192 | - | 2,350,060 | - | 900,163 | 1,716,576 | 270,198 | 5,949,189 | 40% |
| | 2018 | 691,346 | - | 2,708,392 | - | 959,243 | - | 250,927 | 4,609,908 | 59% |
| Keith Demmings | 2020 | 544,423 | - | 1,302,140 | - | 615,850 | - | 144,213 | 2,606,626 | 50% |
| EVP and President, Global Lifestyle | 2019 | 528,736 | | 1,957,100 | | 428,240 | | 102,701 | 3,016,777 | 65% |
| | 2018 | | | | | | | | | |
| Francesca Luth | 2020 | 494,808 | - | 1,401,953 | - | 562,221 | - | 104,136 | 2,563,118 | 55% |
| EVP and Chief Administrative Officer | 2019 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2018 | | | | | | | | | |

Source: Company reports (proxy statement).

Annual Incentive Compensation. AIZ determines its annual bonus compensation payout based on two metrics, both of which are measured at the enterprise level: 60% in net operating income x/ reportable catastrophes, and the remaining 40% in consolidated revenue. These measures are used to determine the appropriate multiplier that will be applied to each executive's target annual incentive. The 2020 metrics and corresponding multipliers are in **Figure 31**. Aggregate compensation through the short-term incentive program cannot exceed 5% of AIZ's adjusted net income. For 2021, the company preannounced that the performance metrics will exclude the Company's Global Preneed business and be adjusted to exclude the net effects of any material changes in tax laws or regulations during the performance year.

Figure 32: AIZ annual incentive metrics

| Weighting | Metric | - | 0.5 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 2020 Results | 2020 Multiplier |
|-----------|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|--------------|--------------------|
| 60% | Enterprise NOI (x/ reportable catastrophes) | \$532 | \$570 | \$614 | \$633 | \$652 | \$696 | \$734 | \$664 | 1.12 |
| 40% | Enterprise Revenue | \$7 991 | \$8 561 | \$9.037 | \$9.513 | \$9.988 | \$10.464 | \$11.035 | \$9.524 | 1.15 |

Source: Company reports (proxy statement).

Long Term Equity Incentives. AIZ awards long-term incentive comp in RSUs (25%) and PSUS (75%). PSU performance is determined by two equally-weighted metrics measured over 3 years: (1) absolute NOI EPS (x/ reportable cats) and (2) TSR relative to the S&P 500. This is unchanged from 2019 but the company has pre-announced that for 2021, the absolute NOI EPS (x/ reportable catastrophes) metric will be adjusted to exclude (a) the expected contributions to the performance goals associated with the Company's Global Preneed business and (b) the net effects of material changes in tax laws or regulations during the performance period. For relative TSR, threshold is achieved at a 25th percentile, target at the 50th percentile, and maximum payout or 200% of target achieved at or above the 90th percentile.

What's the Incentive? The 2020 target for AIZ's annual incentive was set approx 10% above the prior year actual results. If the same threshold were used this year- excluding preneed results- this would suggest an NOI x/ cat target of \$665m. We are currently forecasting an NOI x/ cat just below this of \$655mm, meaning that in order to achieve a 1.0x multiplier for annual incentive comp, management will have to hit a slightly higher hurdle rate than what they are currently guiding to for 2021.



Assured Guaranty Ltd

Figure 33: AGO Executive Compensation Summary

| Name/Job Title | Year | Salary | Bonus | Stock Awards | Option Awards | Non-Equity IP Comp | Change in Pension Value | All Other Comp | Total Comp | Equity-Based Awards / Total Comp |
|----------------------------|------|-----------|-------|--------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------|------------|--|
| Dominic John Frederico | 2020 | 1,250,000 | | 5,964,855 | | 2,979,625 | | 682,044 | 10,876,524 | 55% |
| President & CEO | 2019 | 1,250,000 | | 6,424,343 | | 3,727,000 | | 752,127 | 12,153,470 | 53% |
| | 2018 | 1,250,000 | | 6,865,967 | | 3,812,000 | | 843,935 | 12,771,902 | 54% |
| Robert Adam Bailenson | 2020 | 800,000 | | 1,325,546 | | 1,669,360 | | 367,904 | 4,162,810 | 32% |
| Chief Financial Officer | 2019 | 700,000 | | 1,606,106 | | 1,994,720 | | 364,809 | 4,665,635 | 34% |
| | 2018 | 700,000 | | 1,791,111 | | 1,949,920 | | 314,899 | 4,755,930 | 38% |
| Ling Chow | 2020 | 550,000 | | 1,016,267 | | 1,481,135 | | 264,960 | 3,312,362 | 31% |
| General Counsel | 2019 | 525,000 | | 1,070,695 | | 1,769,140 | | 236,317 | 3,601,152 | 30% |
| | 2018 | 500,000 | | 1,275,345 | | 1,631,350 | | 195,344 | 3,602,039 | 35% |
| Russell Brewer II | 2020 | 525,000 | | 1,016,267 | | 1,286,093 | | 268,315 | 3,095,675 | 33% |
| Chief Surveillance Officer | 2019 | 525,000 | | 1,177,776 | | 1,548,015 | | 284,043 | 3,534,834 | 33% |
| | 2018 | 525,000 | | 1,313,465 | | 1,583,715 | - | 286,076 | 3,708,256 | 35% |
| David Buzen | 2020 | 612,500 | | 662,752 | | 1,306,585 | | 235,131 | 2,816,968 | 24% |
| Chief Investment Officer | | | | | | | | | | |

Source: Company reports (proxy statement).

Annual Cash Incentive Bonuses. The annual cash incentive is determined by a formulaic approach which is weighted 67% towards pre-determined financial performance goals and the remaining 33% towards non-financial objectives (total of 5). The performance objectives versus actual results for 2019 and 2020 are as follows:

Figure 34: 2020 Annual Cash Incentive Performance Goals

| Performance Goals | 2020 Targets | 2020 Actual | 2019 Targets | 2019 Actual |
|--|--------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|
| PVP | \$373mm | \$390mm | \$325mm | \$463mm |
| Operating Earnings per Diluted Share | \$3.55 | \$3.11 | \$3.30 | \$3.91 |
| Operating Shareholder's Equity per Share | \$69.56 | \$78.46 | \$66.84 | \$66.89 |
| Operating ROE | 5.5% | 4.4% | 5.5% | 6.2% |
| Core Adjusted BVPS | \$101.12 | \$114.97 | \$94.91 | \$96.91 |
| Gross Third-Party Assets Raised | \$3.4bb | \$1.6bb | N/A | N/A |

Source: Company reports (proxy statement).

The compensation committee added 'gross third-party assets raised' to the financial performance targets in 2020, prior to the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic totaling it to 6 financial performance targets and 5 non-GAAP financial measures.

In 2018, the compensation committee introduced negative discretion, allowing the % achievement score to be reduced in the event that performance goals are set lower than actual results the year prior. The committee exercised negative discretion in 2018 and 2019 but did not exercise it in 2020 despite 2020 PVP being below the 2019 actual PVP including the PVP from the SGI reinsurance transaction. This was because 2020 actual PVP beat 2020 target PVP and 2019 PVP when the SGI reinsurance transaction was excluded.

Long-Term Equity Incentive Awards. AGO's long term incentive program is comprised of 60% PSUs and 40% RSUs. Of the PSUs, 50% are held PSUs tied to adjusted book value (ABV PSUs) measuring aggregate growth over a 3-year timeframe, and the remaining 50% are tied to TSR percentile relative to the Russell Mid-Cap Financial Services Index (TSR PSUs). Criteria used to determine PSU payouts are listed in Figure 27.

Figure 35: AGO performance-based share metrics

| Performance Goals | Threshold | Target | Maximum |
|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Adjusted Book Value | 12% | 15% | 18% |
| Shares Earned | 50% | 100% | 200% |
| Relative TSR | 25th percentile | 55th percentile | 95th percentile |
| Shares Earned | 50% | 100% | 200% |

Source : Company reports (proxy statement).

What's the Incentive? In order for ABV PSUs to vest, AGO would need to have a core adjusted book value (ABV) of \$132.21 by 2023, up from the Dec 31, 2020 ABV \$114.97

indicated in the proxy.



Athene (ATH)

Figure 36: ATH Executive Compensation Summary

| Name/Job Title | Year | Salary | Bonus | Stock Awards | Option Awards | Non-Equity IP Comp | Change in Pension Value | All Other Comp | Total Comp | Equity-Based Awards / Total Comp |
|---------------------------------|------|-----------|---------|--------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|------------|--|
| James R. Belardi | 2020 | 705,000 | - | 2,857,411 | 625,008 | - | - | 247,196 | 4,434,615 | 79% |
| Chairman, CEO and CIO | 2019 | 680,000 | - | 2,702,739 | 625,000 | | - | 246,842 | 4,254,581 | 78% |
| | 2018 | 863,750 | | 2,716,318 | 625,002 | | - | 70,239 | 4,275,309 | 78% |
| William J. Wheeler | 2020 | 1,275,000 | - | 1,500,049 | 7,450,002 | 1,752,188 | - | 19,296 | 11,996,535 | 75% |
| President | 2019 | 1,250,000 | - | 1,398,053 | 500,006 | 1,752,188 | - | 18,642 | 4,918,889 | 39% |
| | 2018 | 1,250,000 | - | 1,066,406 | 375,003 | 1,700,000 | - | 50,062 | 4,441,471 | 32% |
| Grant Kvalheim | 2020 | 750,000 | - | 1,312,593 | 1,235,373 | 1,650,000 | - | 109,624 | 5,057,590 | 50% |
| EVP Athene, CEO Athene USA Corp | 2019 | 750,000 | - | 1,223,289 | 437,509 | 1,550,000 | - | 115,173 | 4,075,971 | 41% |
| | 2018 | 750,000 | | 604,307 | 212,505 | 1,460,000 | - | 147,627 | 3,174,439 | 26% |
| Martin P. Klein | 2020 | 650,000 | - | 1,275,062 | 1,126,138 | 1,359,475 | - | 96,799 | 4,507,474 | 53% |
| EVP & CFO | 2019 | 650,000 | - | 1,188,352 | 425,006 | 1,359,475 | - | 120,205 | 3,743,038 | 43% |
| | 2018 | 625,000 | - | 710,912 | 250,008 | 1,116,300 | - | 118,168 | 2,820,388 | 34% |
| John L. Golden | 2020 | 475,000 | - | 675,062 | 225,002 | 690,000 | - | 17,100 | 2,082,164 | 43% |
| EVP and General Counsel | 2019 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2018 | | | | | | | | | |
| John M. Rhodes | 2020 | 500,000 | 750,000 | 487,506 | 458,506 | - | - | 73,892 | 2,269,904 | 42% |
| Fmr. EVP and Chief Risk Officer | 2019 | 500,000 | - | 417,307 | 162,504 | 787,500 | - | 61,211 | 1,928,522 | 30% |
| | 2018 | 500,000 | - | 426,574 | 150,003 | 750,000 | - | 142,668 | 1,969,245 | 29% |

Source: Company reports (proxy statement).

Annual Incentive Compensation.

ATH grants annual cash incentive awards to its NEOs based on the achievement of financial, operational and personal objectives. The annual incentive award payout for each NEO is subject to a personal performance modifier that allows for an adjustment in payout based on a holistic assessment of each NEO's individual performance. The targets for the corporate financial and operational measures were determined in relation to ATH's internal business plan for the year and were set prior to the full onset of the COVID-19 global pandemic. Despite the challenging environment caused by the pandemic, ATH did not make any adjustments to any of the corporate performance measurements or targets. ATH's business performed strongly in 2020. Except for certain supplemental cash bonus awards, the compensation committee did not make any adjustments to the executive compensation program as a result of the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. The merger agreement with AGM has covenants including restrictions on increasing compensation or benefits to directors and senior officers before the merger transaction.

Figure 37: ATH annual incentive metrics

| Metric | Weight | Target | 2020 Perf. | Payout |
|----------------------------------|--------|----------|------------|--------|
| Adj. op. income | 35% | \$1.440b | \$1.283b | 64% |
| Expense targets | 15% | - | Exceeded | 129% |
| Organic deposits | 10% | \$14-17b | \$26.852b | 150% |
| Underwritten IRR | 15% | - | Exceeded | 150% |
| Excess equity capital generation | 25% | - | Exceeded | 150% |

Source: Company reports (proxy statement).

Based on ATH's 2020 performance with respect to these five objectives, the payout level was 117% of the corporate target opportunity. Total amounts of awards were also based on the assessment of individual performance factors.

Long Term Equity Incentives. The 2020 long-term incentive awards to executive officers were comprised of 50% performance-based restricted share units (RSUs), 25% time-based RSUs and 25% time-based stock options, determined based on target grant date value. The form and annual amount of the long-term incentive awards are determined by the compensation committee with input from Willis Towers Watson. The performance-based RSUs included in ATH's 2020 long-term incentive award program vest and are payable following the three-year performance period (2020-2022) only if they achieve specified goals based on three equally weighted performance metrics: average annual adjusted return on equity, cumulative adjusted operating income, and adjusted book value per share for the three-year performance period.

What's the Incentive? ATH's performance goals for long-term incentives were a targeted 3-yr average ROE of 15% (min 12.5%), and 3-yr cumulative adj. op. income of \$4.3b (min 3.3b). For the 2018-2020 period, ATH achieved 13.04% and \$3.67b of op.

income on this basis, driving a 65% vesting result for the program. Supplemental cash awards were granted to all continuing NEOs due to the diminished retentive and incentive elements associated with the current long-term incentive program. ATH is expected to merge with APO in 1Q21. Change in control and/or termination-driven equity benefits exist for retirement, death, disability, or termination without cause (or by the NEO reason) n 18 months following a change in control. We note there are no benefits for solely a change in control.



Axis Capital Holdings Ltd

Figure 38: AXS Executive Compensation Summary

| Name/Job Title | Year | Salary | Bonus | Stock Awards | Option Awards | Non-Equity IP Comp | Change in Pension Value | All Other Comp | Total Comp | Equity-Based Awards / Total Comp |
|--------------------------|------|-----------|-----------|--------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------|------------|--|
| Albert A. Benchimol | 2020 | 1,100,000 | 77,000 | 4,999,976 | | 385,000 | | 703,638 | 7,265,614 | 69% |
| President & CEO | 2019 | 1,100,000 | | 6,749,980 | | 700,700 | - | 894,145 | 9,444,825 | 71% |
| | 2018 | 1,100,000 | | 4,624,945 | | 1,345,575 | | 837,966 | 7,908,486 | 58% |
| Peter Vogt | 2020 | 600,000 | 33,120 | 849,974 | | 331,200 | | 67,875 | 1,882,169 | 45% |
| Chief Financial Officer | 2019 | 600,000 | | 949,920 | | 518,880 | | 74,210 | 2,143,010 | 44% |
| | 2018 | 550,000 | | 813,236 | | 540,100 | | 166,375 | 2,069,711 | 39% |
| Steve Arora | 2020 | 900,000 | 57,713 | 1,189,914 | | 384,750 | | 533,181 | 3,065,558 | 39% |
| CEO, AXIS Reinsurance | 2019 | 900,000 | | 1,399,992 | | 348,750 | | 520,040 | 3,168,782 | 44% |
| | 2018 | 900,000 | 2,125,000 | 3,412,982 | | | | 560,281 | 6,998,263 | 49% |
| David Phillips | 2020 | 600,000 | 26,100 | 679,880 | | 402,750 | | 60,000 | 1,768,730 | 38% |
| Chief Investment Officer | 2019 | 600,000 | | 719,962 | | 590,625 | | 66,210 | 1,976,797 | 36% |
| | 2018 | 575,000 | | 1,252,415 | | 761,516 | | 63,700 | 2,652,631 | 47% |
| Peter W Wilson | 2020 | 900,000 | 50,625 | 849,974 | | 337,500 | | 90,000 | 2,228,099 | 38% |
| CEO, AXIS Insurance | 2019 | 900,000 | | 999,916 | | 543,938 | | 90,000 | 2,533,854 | 39% |
| | 2018 | 900,000 | | 1,327,412 | | 735,000 | | 96,656 | 3,059,068 | 43% |

Source: Company reports.

Annual Incentive Plan. After making several changes to its annual cash incentive program in 2019 following negative feedback from its shareholders at the prior year's proxy meeting, AXS has had >90% approval on say on pay in both 2020 and 2021 annual meetings. One of the prominent changes beginning in the 2020 award year is an increase the weighting of financial metrics- primarily operating return on equity ("OROACE")- from 70% to 75% for the CEO. For 2020, AXS kept its OROACE target unchanged at 10%.

Figure 39: AXS annual incentive OROACE metrics

| OROACE | |
|-------------|------------|
| Achievement | Multiplier |

| Maximum | 15% | 200% |
|-----------|-----|------|
| Target | 10% | 100% |
| Threshold | 5% | 50% |

Source: Company reports.

Long-Term Equity Compensation. Last year AXS made several changes to its long-term incentive program, including increasing the composition of awards for the CEO to 60% PSU/ 40% RSU (from 50/50 before), and introducing a TSR "governor" for TSR PSUs which caps earnings if absolute TSR is negative. This year, the payout range was widened to 0% to 200% (vs 75% to 125% prior), and the percentile needed for maximum vesting of PSUs was increased from the 80th to 85th percentile. The performance metrics for 2020 are below in **Figure 30**.

Figure 40: AXS 2020 performance-based share metrics

| | Achievement | Multiplier |
|-----------|-------------|------------|
| Maximum | >85th | 200% |
| Target | 55th | 100% |
| Threshold | 25th | 50% |
| Minimum | <25th | 0% |

Source: Company reports

What's the Incentive? For 2020, AXS's OROACE target was unchanged at 10%; however the company earned a -3.7% OROACE and therefore there was no payout for any executives under this part of the compensation program. Overall, payout factors ranged from 30% (for the CEO) to 72% (for the CIO).

Chubb Limited

Figure 41: CB Executive Compensation Summary

| Name/Job Title | Year | Salary | Bonus | Stock Awards | Option Awards | Non-Equity IP Comp | Change in Pension Value | All Other Comp | Total Comp | Equity-Based Awards / Total Comp |
|---|------|-----------|-----------|--------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------|------------|--|
| Evan G. Greenberg | 2020 | 1,400,000 | 5,700,000 | 10,125,070 | 1,917,286 | | | 1,185,811 | 20,328,167 | 59% |
| Chairman, President & CEO | 2019 | 1,400,000 | 6,700,000 | 9,225,174 | 1,881,925 | | | 1,267,971 | 20,475,070 | 54% |
| | 2018 | 1,400,000 | 6,100,000 | 8,849,881 | 2,761,129 | | | 1,246,474 | 20,357,484 | 57% |
| Philip V. Bancroft | 2020 | 865,000 | 1,342,400 | 1,811,377 | 342,996 | | | 650,342 | 5,012,115 | 43% |
| Chief Financial Officer | 2019 | 843,000 | 1,461,000 | 1,751,412 | 357,264 | | | 664,843 | 5,077,519 | 42% |
| | 2018 | 818,000 | 1,363,300 | 1,687,511 | 526,473 | | | 644,591 | 5,039,875 | 44% |
| John W. Keogh | 2020 | 1,032,692 | 2,460,400 | 3,900,158 | 738,503 | | | 496,027 | 8,627,780 | 54% |
| President and COO | 2019 | 975,000 | 2,802,000 | 3,207,976 | 654,389 | | | 465,666 | 8,105,031 | 48% |
| | 2018 | 963,462 | 2,505,000 | 3,001,466 | 936,436 | | | 452,934 | 7,859,298 | 50% |
| Paul J. Krump | 2020 | 895,385 | 1,567,500 | 2,137,566 | 404,760 | | 1,034,364 | 399,314 | 6,438,889 | 39% |
| Vice Chairman, Global Underwriting & Claims | 2019 | 876,538 | 1,900,000 | 2,282,995 | 363,698 | | 2,151,740 | 63,146 | 7,638,117 | 35% |
| | 2018 | 859,231 | 1,743,000 | 1,690,505 | 527,410 | | 1,310,110 | 73,054 | 6,203,310 | 36% |
| John J. Lupica | 2020 | 895,385 | 2,219,700 | 2,647,640 | 501,340 | | | 458,315 | 6,722,380 | 47% |
| Vice Chairman & Pres., NA Major Accts | 2019 | 876,538 | 2,212,700 | 2,687,775 | 497,272 | | | 417,140 | 6,691,425 | 48% |
| | 2018 | 854,615 | 1,913,400 | 2,297,704 | 716,874 | | | 425,751 | 6,208,344 | 49% |

Source: Company reports (proxy statement).

Annual Cash Bonus. Annual cash bonuses are awarded based on both individual performance criteria as well as at the company level using the following metrics: growth in tangible BVPS, operating ROE, operating income, and P&C combined ratio (Figure 32). These metrics are measured against peers, prior-year performance, and company plan.

Figure 42: 2020 Performance Key Metrics

| | 2019 Results | 2020 Results | Δ | Comments |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Tangible BVPS growth | 18.6% | 12.2% | (6.4%) | Above plan, below peers |
| Core operating ROE | 9.0% | 6.2% | (2.8%) | Below plan and peers |
| Core operating income | \$4.6B | \$3.3B | (28.3%) | Below plan and peers |
| P&C combined ratio | 90.6% | 96.1% | - | Below plan, above peers |
| Total shareholder return | 1 yr: 22.9% 3 yr: 7.8% | 1 yr: 1.4% 3yr: 4.1% | 1 yr: (21.5%) 3 yr: (3.7%) | |

Source: Company reports (proxy statement).

Overall metrics were below plan, peers, and prior year except combined ratio (above peers) and TVBPS growth (above plan) due to the impact of Covid-19 and other catastrophe losses and reserve adjustments.

Long-Term Incentive Equity Awards. LTIP awards consist of 25% in stock options, and the remainder split between time based/performance based restricted shares - 75% for the CEO, 66% for the Chairman and EVP, and 60% for all others. Starting for awards granted beginning February 2021, the performance criteria are applied to 100% of this portion of the equity award to each of the CEO, COO and President for North America Insurance; and 75% of the stock awards granted to the other NEOs and designated executives. For 2020, PSUs cliff vest after three years and are subject to two criteria: TBVPS growth and P&C combined ratio, weighted at 70% and 30%. They are also subject to a TSR modifier; to receive the full value of premium awards (delineated in Figure 36 below) relative TSR must meet or exceed the 55th percentile.

Figure 43: CB performance share metrics

| | | Percentile (both TBVPS growth and CR) | TSR | Award Modifier |
|---------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|--------|----------------|
| Premium Award | Maximum Premium | ≥ 75th | ≥ 50th | 100% |
| | Premium | 50th - 75th | < 55th | 77% |
| | Target | 50th | N/A | 0-77% |
| | No Award | < 50th | N/A | 0% |
| Target Award | Target | 50th | N/A | 100% |
| | Threshold | 25th - 50th | N/A | 50-100% |
| | No Award | < 25th | N/A | 0% |

Source: Company reports (proxy statement).

What's the Incentive? CB's peer group for relative financial performance is ALL, AIG, CNA, HIG, TRV, and ZURN. For the 2019 - 2021 LTIP performance based restricted stock, CB is comfortably above the 50% percentile target for combined ratio versus peers (better than all of its peer group except ALL) and only modestly above the 50% percentile target for TBVPS growth through the most recent quarter (1Q21).



Equitable Holdings (EQH)

Figure 44: EQH Executive Compensation Summary

| Name/Job Title | Year | Salary | Bonus | Stock Awards | Option Awards | Non-Equity IP Comp | Change in Pension Value | All Other Comp | Total Comp | Equity-Based Awards / Total Comp |
|---|------|-----------|-----------|--------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|------------|--|
| Pearson, Mark | 2020 | 1,297,845 | | 6,000,056 | 2,000,000 | 3,000,000 | 2,141,979 | 435,074 | 14,874,954 | 54% |
| President & CEO | 2019 | 1,250,114 | | 4,125,032 | 1,375,001 | 3,000,000 | 1,116,191 | 387,785 | 11,254,123 | 49% |
| | 2018 | 1,250,114 | | 6,587,516 | 962,503 | 2,911,651 | - | 426,779 | 12,138,563 | 62% |
| Malmström, Anders | 2020 | 776,755 | - | 1,612,548 | 537,501 | 1,270,500 | 750,862 | 172,348 | 5,120,514 | 42% |
| Sr. EVP and CFO | 2019 | 741,849 | | 1,350,018 | 450,004 | 1,385,000 | 495,466 | 165,535 | 4,587,872 | 39% |
| | 2018 | 688,915 | | 2,605,048 | 375,000 | 1,299,600 | 114,890 | 186,171 | 5,269,624 | 57% |
| Hurd, Jeffrey | 2020 | 933,288 | | 1,500,055 | 500,002 | 1,732,500 | 450,605 | 243,176 | 5,359,626 | 37% |
| Sr. EVP and COO | 2019 | 899,059 | - | 1,350,018 | 450,004 | 2,115,000 | 277,471 | 238,086 | 5,329,638 | 34% |
| | 2018 | 864,480 | 300,000 | 2,090,031 | 450,001 | 2,080,000 | | 91,439 | 5,875,951 | 43% |
| Lane, Nick | 2020 | 932,106 | - | 1,500,055 | 500,002 | 1,212,750 | 762,287 | 318,151 | 5,225,351 | 38% |
| Sr. EVP and Head of Life, Ret., Wealth | 2019 | 797,468 | | 2,165,020 | 475,002 | 1,470,000 | 51,162 | 351,956 | 5,310,608 | 50% |
| | 2018 | _ | | | | | | | | |
| Bernstein, Seth | 2020 | 500,000 | 4,015,000 | 4,585,051 | 250,003 | | | 52,509 | 9,402,563 | 51% |
| Sr. EVP and Head of Investment Mgmt & Resea | 2019 | 500,000 | 3,850,000 | 4,750,026 | 250,004 | | | 94,859 | 9,444,889 | 53% |
| | 2018 | 500,000 | 3,500,000 | 4,740,000 | | | | 52,509 | 8,792,509 | 54% |

Source: Company reports (proxy statement)

Annual Incentive Compensation.

Based on its review of the 2019 short-term (annual) incentive program in February 2020, EQH elected to retain the same performance objectives and relative weightings for the 2020 program: non-GAAP operating earnings 50%, premiums and flows 25%, strategic initiatives 25%. Individual awards are determined by multiplying each person's award target by the final funding percentage, and the by individual assessment percentage. The initial funding percentage for 2020 was 92%, outlined below. The final funding percentage was adjusted for impacts from actuarial assumption updates within EQH's ongoing businesses, which would have resulted in a 27 percentage point increase to the funding percentage, but the compensation committee decided to limit the increase to 13 percentage points. This drove a final funding percentage of 105% for 2020.

Figure 45: EQH annual incentive metrics

| Metric | Floor | Target | Сар | Weight | Actual | Contrib. to funding % |
|-----------------------------|-------|-----------|-------|--------|-----------|-----------------------|
| Non-GAAP Operating Earnings | 1,820 | 2,275 | 2,730 | 50% | 2,302 | 53% |
| Premiums and Flows | | | | | | |
| • AB Annualized Fee Base | 41 | 48 | 55 | 5% | -8 | 0% |
| Individual Retirement | 2,859 | 3,363 | 3,867 | 8.75% | 2,156 | 0% |
| Group Retirement | 238 | 280 | 322 | 5% | 296 | 7% |
| Protection Solutions | 230 | 270 | 311 | 5% | 221 | 0% |
| Advisors B/D | 2,946 | 3,466 | 3,986 | 1% | 3,671 | 2% |
| Strategic Initiatives | N/A | goals met | N/A | 25% | goals met | 30% |

Source: Company reports (proxy statement).

US Insurance 3 August 2021

Long Term Equity Incentives. In February 2020, the Compensation Committee reviewed the equity vehicles granted under the 2019 Equity Program and their related terms and conditions and elected to keep them the same for the 2020 Equity Program. The equity-based awards granted under the 2020 Equity Program consisted of a mix of equity vehicles including both "full value" (restricted stock units and performance shares) and "appreciation only" (stock options) vehicles. All vehicles contain vesting requirements related to service and the performance shares also require the satisfaction of certain performance criteria related to corporate performance to obtain a payout. EQH RSUs are 25%, EQH stock options 25%, and EQH performance shares are 50%.

What's the Incentive? The performance-based component of the equity award program is based on avg. adjusted ROE and total shareholder return over a 3-year period. The target for the 2020 ROE performance component was 18.5%, with a threshold of 13.875%. Adjusted ROE came in at 17.3%, at the upper end of the midteens target; consensus forecasts are for a 3-yr average ROE of 25% through 2022, roughly in line with UBSe. This is well above the target; EQH's 403b and Investment Management businesses are capital-light, but the denominator for forward GAAP equity projections is also skewed by changes in the value of VA hedging instruments.

1 **&UBS** 25 职途圈—专业的职场人报告咨询平台(zhituquan.com)





Everest Re Group Ltd

Figure 46: RE Executive Compensation Summary

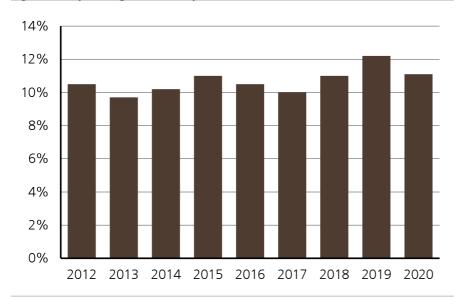
| Name/Job Title | Year | Salary | Bonus | Stock Awards | Option Awards | Non-Equity IP Comp | Change in Pension Value | All Other Comp | Total Comp | Equity-Based Awards / Total Comp |
|--------------------------------|------|-----------|-------|--------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|------------|--|
| Juan C. Andrade | 2020 | 1,298,077 | - | 3,752,544 | - | 2,500,000 | - | 512,591 | 8,063,212 | 47% |
| CEO and President | 2019 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2018 | | | | | | | | | |
| John Doucette | 2020 | 908,654 | - | 1,313,668 | - | 820,000 | 454,247 | 217,281 | 3,713,850 | 35% |
| Executive VP & CEO Reinsurance | 2019 | 853,461 | - | 2,381,331 | - | 920,000 | 478,661 | 150,659 | 4,784,112 | 50% |
| | 2018 | 823,077 | - | 1,106,511 | - | 400,000 | (78,346) | 169,933 | 2,421,175 | 46% |
| Craig Howie | 2020 | 587,957 | - | 685,934 | - | 350,000 | - | 140,279 | 1,764,170 | 39% |
| EVP, CFO | 2019 | 556,000 | - | 672,584 | - | 500,000 | - | 117,025 | 1,845,609 | 36% |
| | 2018 | 555,154 | - | 672,633 | - | 250,000 | - | 128,738 | 1,606,525 | 42% |
| Mark Kociancic | 2020 | 201,923 | - | 5,000,048 | - | 500,000 | - | 89,743 | 5,791,714 | 86% |
| EVP and CFO | 2019 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2018 | | | | | | | | | |
| Sanjoy Mukherjee | 2020 | 632,307 | - | 796,792 | - | 700,000 | 724,858 | 138,885 | 2,992,842 | 27% |
| SVP, President, GC | 2019 | 593,268 | - | 1,520,655 | - | 625,000 | 376,429 | 248,415 | 3,363,767 | 45% |
| | 2018 | 558,038 | - | 690,812 | - | 400,000 | (67,805) | 252,153 | 1,833,198 | 38% |
| Jonathan Zaffino | 2020 | 441,538 | - | 1,201,424 | - | - | - | 139,671 | 1,782,633 | 67% |
| EVP, CEO-Everest Insurance | 2019 | 686,923 | - | 1,891,577 | - | 1,082,000 | - | 141,436 | 3,801,936 | 50% |
| | 2018 | 573,077 | - | 722,322 | - | 550,000 | - | 110,003 | 1,955,402 | 37% |

Source: Company reports.

Annual Cash Bonus. NEOS participate in the Executive Performance Annual Incentive Plan, which is a shareholder-approved bonus plan. The total amount of annual awards in any one year may not exceed 10% of the company's average annual pretax income for the preceding five years. The CEO and all other NEOs are limited to a \$3.5mm cap, and other NEOs are additionally limited to receiving no more than 200% of base salary.

Under this plan, 50-70% of bonus potential is tied to the Company's operating ROE, and the remaining 30-50% is tied to individual non-financial goals established for each participant. The adjusted ROE the company uses for this metric is based on normalized cat activity.

Figure 47: Operating ROE at Midpoint of NEO Cash Bonus Grid



Source : Company reports.

Long-Term Incentive Compensation. Long-term compensation may take the form of share options, share appreciation rights, restricted shares, or share awards. RE's performance based equity awards can be earned over a three-year period and give the NEO the right to receive up to 1.75 shares upon settlement at the end of the performance period. The earn-out of PSUs are based upon two evenly weighted metrics: (1) annual operating ROE; and, (2) relative cumulative BVPS growth.



Figure 48: 2020 Performance Share Unit Structure

| | 50% Opera | ating ROE | 50% Relative BVPS Growth | | | |
|-------------------|-------------|-----------|--------------------------|-----------|--|--|
| Performance Level | Performance | Mutiplier | Performance | Mutiplier | | |
| Maximum | <4.1% | 0% | <26th percentile | 0% | | |
| Target | 4.1% | 25% | 26th percentile | 25% | | |
| Threshold | 11.1% | 100% | Median | 100% | | |
| Below Threshold | ≥16.1% | 175% | ≥75th percentile | 175% | | |

Source: Company reports.

What's the Incentive? For 2020, the ROE target was set at 11.1% (vs 12.2% in prior year) and RE achieved 75% of target at 8.4%. Our forecast for unadjusted ROE in 2021 is 10.7% (no Covid-19 losses included), meaning that RE would not meet its target ROE if metrics remained unchanged for the next compensation cycle. Moreover, given the company's guidance of greater than 13% total shareholder return by 2023, we would expect incentive compensation ROE target to rise in coming years.



Hartford Financial Services

Figure 49: HIG Executive Compensation Summary

| Name/Job Title | Year | Salary | Bonus | Stock Awards | Option Awards | Non-Equity IP Comp | Change in Pension Value | | Total Comp | Equity-Based Awards / Total Comp |
|----------------------|------|-----------|-------|--------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|---------|------------|--|
| Christopher J. Swift | 2020 | 1,150,000 | | 3,740,850 | 4,250,000 | 2,400,000 | 33,824 | 231,521 | 11,806,195 | 68% |
| CEO | 2019 | 1,150,000 | | 4,551,525 | 4,125,000 | 4,440,000 | 48,198 | 246,025 | 14,560,748 | 60% |
| | 2018 | 1,137,500 | | 3,736,000 | 4,000,000 | 4,800,000 | | 210,115 | 13,883,615 | 56% |
| Beth Costello | 2020 | 725,000 | | 814,185 | 925,000 | 1,000,000 | 42,587 | 65,700 | 3,572,472 | 49% |
| EVP, CFO | 2019 | 725,000 | | 979,268 | 887,500 | 1,850,000 | 56,823 | 68,800 | 4,567,391 | 41% |
| | 2018 | 718,750 | | 828,925 | 887,500 | 1,925,000 | - | 65,500 | 4,425,675 | 39% |
| Douglas Elliot | 2020 | 950,000 | | 2,336,931 | 2,655,000 | 1,520,000 | 14,901 | 65,700 | 7,542,532 | 66% |
| President | 2019 | 950,000 | | 2,841,255 | 2,575,000 | 2,812,000 | 21,419 | 133,175 | 9,332,849 | 58% |
| | 2018 | 943,750 | | 2,335,000 | 2,500,000 | 3,050,000 | | 170,363 | 8,999,113 | 54% |
| William Bloom | 2020 | 625,000 | | 572,130 | 650,000 | 800,000 | 21,488 | 65,700 | 2,734,318 | 45% |
| EVP, Operations | 2019 | 612,500 | | 689,625 | 625,000 | 1,500,000 | 27,131 | 65,600 | 3,519,856 | 37% |
| | 2018 | 568,750 | | 513,700 | 550,000 | 1,550,000 | | 68,281 | 3,250,731 | 33% |
| David Robinson | 2020 | 593,750 | | 572,130 | 650,000 | 580,000 | 25,565 | 54,350 | 2,475,795 | 49% |
| EVP, General Counsel | 2019 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2018 | | | | | | | | | |
| Brion Johnson | 2020 | 600,000 | | 770,175 | 875,000 | 1,000,000 | 3,388 | 65,700 | 3,314,263 | 50% |
| Former EVP, CIO | 2019 | 593,750 | | 965,475 | 875,000 | 1,890,000 | 8,346 | 65,600 | 4,398,171 | 42% |
| | 2018 | 562,500 | | 747,200 | 800,000 | 2,250,000 | - | 65,500 | 4,425,200 | 35% |

Source: Company reports (proxy statement).

Annual Cash Incentive Bonuses. HIG maintained its program structure this year after making some changes based on shareholder feedback received in 2019. For 2020, no adjustments to compensation targets were made mid-year from their original outlook set before the pandemic even as the company cited the negative impact of the pandemic on their business and financial results. the 2020 actual core earnings were \$1.77bb, which was below target of \$1,88bb; HIG cited the drag from COVID-19 on all segments and particularly Group Benefits as well as higher catastrophe losses in Personal Lines.

Figure 50: Annual Incentive Plan Core Earnings Targets

| | Threshold | Target | Maximum | Actual | Actual Payout | Average Equity | Implied Target ROE | Implied Actual ROE |
|--------|-----------|--------|---------|--------|---------------|----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 2016 | 1,396 | 1,642 | 1,889 | 1,496 | 70% | 17,960 | 9.1% | 8.3% |
| 2017 | 1,188 | 1,398 | 1,608 | 1,572 | 170% | 17,269 | 8.1% | 9.1% |
| 2018 | 1,354 | 1,593 | 1,832 | 1,842 | 160% | 14,045 | 11.3% | 13.1% |
| 2019 | 1,522 | 1,790 | 2,059 | 1,954 | 148% | 15,503 | 11.5% | 12.6% |
| 2020 | 1,504 | 1,880 | 2,256 | 1,770 | 80% | 17,157 | 11.0% | 10.3% |
| Payout | 35% | 100% | 200% | · | | | · | |

Source : Company reports (proxy statements). Implied ROE based upon core earnings target and estimated average equity x/ AOCI. Estimated equity = beginning shareholders' equity + (Target Core Earnings – actual dividends paid – actual share repurchase)/2.

Long-Term Incentive Share-Based Awards. For 2020, the mix of LTIP awards remained unchanged with 50% of the award in stock options (which vest ratably over three years with a 10-year term) and 50% in performance shares (settled in common stock). Performance shares payouts are split evenly between two metrics: compensation core ROE, and TSR relative to HIG's chosen peer group. For 2020 PSUS awards, following review of compensation program philosophy, the TSR curve was revised to a 55th percentile for target payout. Although not a factor this year there will be a change in the 2021 program to include a performance share modifier tied to the company's diversity and workforce representation goals.

Figure 51: 2020-2022 Performance Share Metrics

| | Threshold | Target | Maximum |
|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Compensation Core ROE | 9.0% | 11.3% | 13.6% |
| Peer-relative TSR | 30th percentile | 55th percentile | 85th percentile |
| Pavout | 35% | 100% | 200% |

Source: Company reports (proxy statements).

What's the Incentive? HIG earned a compensation core ROE of 13.9% in 2019 and 11.0% in 2020. In order for 2019-2021 and 2020-2022 ROE PSUs to fully vest, HIG must earn at least a \sim 11.5% ROE in 2021 and 2022.



Lincoln (LNC)

Figure 52: LNC Executive Compensation Summary

| Name/Job Title | Year | Salary | Bonus | Stock Awards | Option Awards | Non-Equity IP Comp | Change in Pension Value | All Other Comp | Total Comp | Equity-Based Awards / Total Comp |
|---|------|-----------|-------|--------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|------------|--|
| Dennis R. Glass | 2020 | 1,360,000 | - | 6,895,349 | 2,854,427 | 2,196,264 | 254,476 | 740,306 | 14,300,822 | 68% |
| President & CEO | 2019 | 1,358,846 | - | 8,073,244 | 1,617,557 | 3,207,288 | 330,414 | 824,868 | 15,412,217 | 63% |
| | 2018 | 1,299,000 | - | 7,914,233 | 1,538,506 | 3,187,600 | 85,422 | 397,734 | 14,422,495 | 66% |
| Randal J. Freitag | 2020 | 821,686 | - | 1,675,006 | 693,370 | 846,825 | 48,570 | 324,825 | 4,410,282 | 54% |
| EVP & CFO | 2019 | 805,404 | | 1,642,003 | 679,795 | 1,172,972 | 78,041 | 337,301 | 4,715,516 | 49% |
| | 2018 | 774,292 | - | 1,654,454 | 653,640 | 1,237,714 | - | 187,098 | 4,507,198 | 51% |
| Lisa M. Buckingham | 2020 | 748,519 | - | 1,058,432 | 438,130 | 701,513 | - | 258,814 | 3,205,408 | 47% |
| EVP & Chief People, Place & Brand Officer | 2019 | 713,390 | - | 1,028,552 | 425,824 | 961,903 | - | 269,350 | 3,399,019 | 43% |
| | 2018 | 667,812 | | 961,292 | 379,780 | 1,022,036 | | 187,329 | 3,218,249 | 42% |
| Ellen G. Cooper | 2020 | 722,691 | - | 1,330,934 | 550,934 | 760,489 | - | 245,758 | 3,610,806 | 52% |
| EVP & CIO | 2019 | 638,534 | - | 1,310,067 | 542,339 | 957,312 | - | 256,797 | 3,705,049 | 50% |
| | 2018 | 602,710 | - | 1,251,416 | 494,398 | 972,113 | - | 180,913 | 3,501,550 | 50% |
| Wilford H. Fuller | 2020 | 767,263 | | 1,563,237 | 647,098 | 1,047,368 | | 317,805 | 4,342,771 | 51% |
| EVP & President, Annuities, LFD, LFN | 2019 | 744,817 | - | 1,517,552 | 628,279 | 1,447,873 | - | 318,595 | 4,657,116 | 46% |
| | 2018 | 709,221 | - | 1,514,531 | 598,367 | 1,309,595 | - | 219,005 | 4,350,719 | 49% |

Source: Company reports (proxy statement).

Annual Incentive Compensation.

Annual incentive compensation is based on performance targets for sales by business unit, income from operations per share, and management of controllable costs. The latter component differs by executive. Reflecting COVID challenges, LNC revised annual performance targets for sales by business unit downward, and shifted the weightings for CEO corporate measurement goals. For 2021, since the 2020 goals were not intended to be permanent, LNC reverted metrics back to original pre-COVID levels: op. EPS will contribute 50%, business unit sales 35% and controllable cost management 15%. We note the pre-COVID sales targets were \$790m for Life, \$780m for Group, \$13,400m for Annuities and \$10,745m for RPS.

Figure 53: LNC annual incentive metrics

| | | | | | Payout / |
|--------------------------|-----------|--------|---------|--------|----------|
| Metric | Threshold | Target | Maximum | Actual | Target |
| Op. EPS | 7.49 | 9.86 | 12.23 | 4.45 | 0% |
| Business Unit Sales | | | | | |
| Life Insurance | 418 | 598 | Target | 630 | 100% |
| Group Protection | 426 | 609 | Target | 710 | 100% |
| Annuities | 7,000 | 10,000 | Target | 11,260 | 100% |
| Retirement Plan Services | 6,647 | 9,495 | Target | 10,017 | 100% |
| Controllable Costs (CEO) | N/A | 100% | 89% | 97% | 128% |

Source: Company reports (proxy statement).

Long Term Equity Incentives. Long-term compensation includes RSUs, PSAs, and options. For 2021, LNC increased the alignment of CEO compensation with performance and shareholder interests by adjusting the CEO's LTI equity award mix to increase the percentage of equity granted as PSAs and Options. Options are now 20%, RSUs 30% and PSAs 50%. The performance-based component is weighted 50/50 between operating ROE and relative total shareholder return.

What's the Incentive? For 2020-2022, the target operating ROE is 12.8%, with a threshold of 12.15%. The target shareholder return is median of peer group. Consensus forecasts are for an avg. operating ROE of 12.3% from 2020 (using mgmt's adjusted 10.39% for 2020) through 2022, modestly below the target but above the minimum threshold.

Marsh & McLennan Companies

Figure 54: MMC Executive Compensation Summary

| Name/Job Title | Year | Salary | Bonus | Stock Awards | Option Awards | Non-Equity IP Comp | Change in Pension Value | All Other Comp | Total Comp | Equity-Based Awards / Total Comp |
|--------------------------------|------|-----------|-------|--------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------|------------|--|
| Daniel S. Glaser | 2020 | 1,500,000 | | 6,177,971 | 5,750,013 | 5,500,000 | 394,740 | 373,255 | 19,695,979 | 61% |
| President & CEO | 2019 | 1,500,000 | | 5,750,140 | 5,750,017 | 6,500,000 | 470,095 | 361,445 | 20,331,697 | 57% |
| | 2018 | 1,475,000 | | 5,500,136 | 5,500,004 | 4,500,000 | | 306,779 | 17,281,919 | 64% |
| Mark C. McGivney | 2020 | 800,000 | | 1,504,296 | 1,400,006 | 2,000,000 | 170,414 | 69,195 | 5,943,911 | 49% |
| Chief Financial Officer | 2019 | 787,500 | | 1,250,110 | 1,250,002 | 2,100,000 | 192,545 | 68,398 | 5,648,555 | 44% |
| | 2018 | 750,000 | | 1,125,108 | 1,125,018 | 1,750,000 | | 64,976 | 4,815,102 | 47% |
| John Q. Doyle | 2020 | 1,000,000 | | 1,719,104 | 1,600,013 | 3,800,000 | | 83,195 | 8,202,312 | 40% |
| President & CEO, Marsh LLC | 2019 | 1,000,000 | | 1,400,086 | 1,400,007 | 4,000,000 | | 90,339 | 7,890,432 | 35% |
| | 2018 | 1,000,000 | | 1,350,162 | 1,350,003 | 3,250,000 | | 72,915 | 7,023,080 | 38% |
| Peter C. Hearn | 2020 | 800,000 | | 967,020 | 900,020 | 3,000,000 | - | 67,827 | 5,734,867 | 33% |
| President & CEO, Guy Carpenter | 2019 | 800,000 | | 875,168 | 875,016 | 3,050,000 | | 69,053 | 5,669,237 | 31% |
| Vice Chair MMC | 2018 | 800,000 | | 800,066 | 800,005 | 2,500,000 | | 171,673 | 5,071,744 | 32% |
| Martine Ferland | 2020 | 850,000 | | 1,074,424 | 1,000,013 | 2,100,000 | 42,565 | 78,728 | 5,145,730 | 40% |
| President and CEO, Mercer and | 2019 | 808,333 | | 2,000,135 | 1,000,005 | 2,000,000 | 47,514 | 605,972 | 6,461,959 | 46% |
| Vice Chair MMC | 2018 | | | | | | | | | |

Source: Company reports.

Annual Short-term Incentive Compensation. MMC's annual incentive plan uses both financial and strategic performance objectives (with a payout range for each objective on a 0%-150% scale), with the primary financial metric being net operating income (NOI). After an initial payout is determined, this is subject to a multiplier reflecting EPS growth versus the peer group. Finally, the ultimate bonus payment is determined through a qualitative assessment of performance as measured by the Compensation Committee. For 2020, the target was set at 112% of 2019 actual results for the CEO and CFO, and between 105-115% of segment NOI for other NEOs. MMC was roughly in line with the companywide target, with an EPS multiplier of 0.93x. For 2020, the CEO's annual bonus was 147% of target and the other NEOs ranged from 124-200%.

Long-Term Incentive Compensation. MMC's long-term compensation program is split into 50% performance shares and 50% stock options, with PSU vesting based on adjusted EPS growth over 3 years. These awards also incorporate a TSR modifier which requires the company's return to be above the median of the S&P 500 in order to receive 100% of the payout achieved in the below table. For the 2021 PSU awards, the compensation committee set the adjusted target EPS growth to 7%, recognizing the expectation that growth in 2021 will be muted due to the pandemic.

Figure 55: MMC performance share awards

| | Payout (% o Target) | f Adjusted EPS Growth |
|-----------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| Maximum | 200% | >11% |
| Target | 100% | 7% |
| Threshold | 50% | 3% |
| Below Threshold | 0% | <3% |

Source : Company reports

What's the Incentive? In order for both 2019 and 2020 PSU awards to 100% vest, MMC needs to earn at least 8% annualized adjusted EPS growth for 2021 and 2022. We are currently estimating 14% EPS growth in 2021 (due in part to the impact of Covid-19 on 2020 EPS) and 9% EPS growth in 2022.



MetLife (MET)

Figure 56: MET Executive Compensation Summary

| Name/Job Title | Year | Salary | Bonus | Stock Awards | Option Awards | Non-Equity IP Comp | Change in Pension Value | All Other Comp | Total Comp | Equity-Based Awards / Total Comp |
|-------------------------------|------|-----------|-----------|--------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|------------|--|
| Michel A. Khalaf | 2020 | 1,312,500 | | 7,483,523 | 853,094 | 4,250,000 | 1,270,246 | 264,892 | 15,434,255 | 54% |
| President & CEO | 2019 | 1,083,333 | - | 6,741,993 | 939,921 | 4,500,000 | 1,095,313 | 210,021 | 14,570,581 | 53% |
| | 2018 | 837,492 | 200,000 | 2,612,171 | 410,797 | 3,500,000 | 104,564 | 3,107,238 | 10,772,262 | 28% |
| John D. McCallion | 2020 | 887,500 | - | 2,694,114 | 307,113 | 2,400,000 | 358,180 | 153,953 | 6,800,860 | 44% |
| EVP & CFO | 2019 | 808,333 | | 2,247,358 | 313,307 | 2,500,000 | 301,443 | 148,917 | 6,319,358 | 41% |
| | 2018 | 597,834 | - | 428,064 | 127,151 | 2,000,000 | 118,776 | 71,928 | 3,343,753 | 17% |
| Bill Pappas | 2020 | 850,000 | 1,800,000 | 2,377,132 | | 2,000,000 | 3,542 | 32,583 | 7,063,257 | 34% |
| EVP & Pres. Global Tech & Ops | 2019 | 100,256 | 2,200,000 | 2,394,024 | | | | - | 4,694,280 | 51% |
| | 2018 | | | | | | | | | |
| Steven J. Goulart | 2020 | 918,750 | - | 2,993,460 | 341,245 | 2,100,000 | 361,179 | 124,750 | 6,839,384 | 49% |
| EVP & CIO | 2019 | 870,000 | | 2,996,424 | 417,746 | 2,200,000 | 449,969 | 154,800 | 7,088,939 | 48% |
| | 2018 | 776,250 | - | 2,238,997 | 352,112 | 3,000,000 | 268,474 | 91,050 | 6,726,883 | 39% |
| Ramy Tadros | 2020 | 818,750 | | 2,245,095 | 255,933 | 2,000,000 | 258,594 | 102,750 | 5,681,122 | 44% |
| President, US Business | 2019 | 1,498,212 | - | 1,498,212 | 208,878 | 1,750,000 | 204,550 | 82,650 | 5,242,502 | 33% |
| | 2018 | | | | | | | | | |

Source : Company reports (proxy statement).

Annual Incentive Compensation.

MET determines annual incentive compensation based on adjusted earnings, which excludes AOCI derivate gains/losses, but also alternatives NII that is 10% above or below the business plan goal. MET approved the 2020 business plan goal before COVID, and despite making no changes to targets or the program in the pandemic, its adjusted earnings met its 2020 business plan target.

Long Term Equity Incentives. MET's LTI includes performance shares (70% of award), restricted stock units, stock options, and, in some cases outside the United States, cash payable equivalents. MET uses 3-yr avg. adjusted ROE and total shareholder return, with each component weighted equally, with a maximum performance factor of 175%.

Figure 57: MET annual incentive performance factors

| | Adj. ROE as % of Goal | Performance Factor | Total Shareholder Return vs. Peers | Performance Factor |
|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Below Threshold | 0-79 | - | 0-24th percentile | - |
| Threshold | 80 | 25 | 25th percentile | 25 |
| Target | 100 | 100 | 50th percentile | 100 |
| Maximum | 120 | 175 | 87.5th percentile | 175 |
| Above Maximum | 121+ | 175 | 87.6-99th percentile | 175 |

Source: Company reports (proxy statement).

What's the Incentive? For the 2018-2020 period, adjusted ROE of 12.2% was above the 12.0% target (threshold was 9.6%). MET did not modify the business plan target for the 2020 incentive award program. Consensus forecasts an avg. ROE between 2020-2022 of 12.26%, above the 12% target and 9.6% threshold.

Principal Financial (PFG)

Figure 58: PFG Executive Compensation Summary

| Name/Job Title | Year | Salary | Bonus | Stock Awards | Option Awards | Non-Equity IP Comp | Change in Pension Value | All Other Comp | Total Comp | Equity-Based Awards / Total Comp |
|-------------------------|------|---------|-------|--------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|------------|--|
| Daniel Houston | 2020 | 890,385 | - | 3,874,991 | 3,874,991 | 2,671,154 | 4,010,196 | 292,701 | 15,614,418 | 50% |
| Chairman, Pres. & CEO | 2019 | 900,000 | - | 3,487,482 | 3,487,500 | 3,375,000 | 3,277,616 | 220,453 | 14,748,051 | 47% |
| | 2018 | 900,000 | - | 3,375,009 | 3,375,034 | 2,544,000 | 1,762,655 | 270,319 | 12,227,017 | 55% |
| Deanna Strable-Soethout | 2020 | 588,923 | - | 886,859 | 886,880 | 824,492 | 1,944,503 | 102,767 | 5,234,424 | 34% |
| Pres. & CFO | 2019 | 595,500 | - | 818,807 | 818,800 | 990,019 | 1,389,310 | 79,569 | 4,692,005 | 35% |
| | 2018 | 589,058 | - | 818,816 | 818,829 | 721,000 | 411,396 | 94,732 | 3,453,831 | 47% |
| Timothy Dunbar | 2020 | 558,462 | - | 1,199,981 | 1,199,987 | 1,876,431 | 543,892 | 35,412 | 5,414,165 | 44% |
| Pres. Global Asset Mgmt | 2019 | 600,000 | - | 1,199,993 | 1,200,000 | 2,472,000 | 639,025 | 65,534 | 6,176,552 | 39% |
| | 2018 | 545,769 | - | 599,045 | 599,049 | 766,833 | - | 53,727 | 2,564,423 | 47% |
| Patrick Halter | 2020 | 535,192 | - | 891,256 | 891,266 | 1,609,430 | 591,232 | 21,125 | 4,539,501 | 39% |
| CEO of PGI | 2019 | 575,000 | - | 848,113 | 848,150 | 2,072,875 | 669,048 | 14,250 | 5,027,436 | 34% |
| | 2018 | 544,115 | - | 974,607 | 524,799 | 1,623,000 | - | 13,875 | 3,680,396 | 41% |
| Luis Vaidés | 2020 | 572,889 | - | 769,380 | 769,368 | 478,935 | 182,042 | 71,480 | 2,844,094 | 54% |
| Pres. International | 2019 | 615,500 | - | 769,380 | 769,400 | 643,198 | 176,219 | 72,564 | 3,046,261 | 51% |
| | 2018 | 613,192 | - | 769,360 | 769,379 | 471,000 | 143,110 | 92,762 | 2,858,803 | 54% |

Source: Company reports (proxy statement).

Annual Incentive Compensation.

PFG determines annual incentive compensation by considering overall corporate results and includes non-GAAP operating earnings and a variety of non-financial metrics. In addition to financial performance, measured using operating earnings as a starting point, the compensation committee reviews customer measures, internal measures and learning & measures. In 2020, PFG exercised discretion to make an incremental adjustment to the final funding level for participants from 77% to 80% of target in recognition of the company's effective response to the pandemic.

Figure 59: PFG annual incentive metrics

| | Threshold | Target | Maximum | Actual 2020 |
|--------------------------|-----------|---------------------|-----------------|-------------|
| Operating earnings (\$m) | 1,253 | 1,670 | 2,088 | 1,480 |
| Payout | 50% | 100% | 200% | 77% |
| | | +Adjustment for COV | ID performance: | 80% |

Source: Company reports (proxy statement).

Long Term Equity Incentives. PFG executives' long-term compensation is provided as non-qualified stock options and PSUs, which each represent 50% of the total grant date fair value. PSUs entitle the executive to earn shares of common stock if certain levels of performance are achieved. After a threshold goal is achieved or exceeded, PSUs vest based on continued service and achieving an average ROE and pre-tax return on net revenue, each weighted 50%, typically over a 3 year period (with each 3 year period treated as a "performance cycle"). For the 2020-2022 and 2021-2023 performance cycles, a 2 year performance period was approved due to accounting changes that may have significant impact on PFG's reported results. The accounting change was originally going to impact PFG's 2022 results, but the implementation was delayed by FASB until 2023. PFG intends to revert to a full three-year performance cycle for future awards.

What's the Incentive? The 2020-2022 PSU performance scale targeted an average ROE of 13.7% over the period (threshold 7.5%), with an avg. P-T return on net revenue of 30.3% (threshold 25.7%). There is also a BVPS threshold tied to ROE performance. If the average book value per share is between \$45.61 and \$49.62, the ROE performance score is reduced by 50%. If the average is below \$45.61, the ROE performance score will be reduced to 0%. Consensus currently forecasts an avg. ROE of 11.3% over the period, below the targeted 13.7% but above the threshold.

Progressive Corporation

Figure 60: PGR Executive Compensation Summary

| Name/Job Title | Year | Salary | Bonus | Stock Awards | Option Awards | Non-Equity IP Comp | Change in Pension Value | All Other Comp | Total Comp | Equity-Based Awards / Total Comp |
|------------------------|------|---------|-------|--------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|------------|--|
| Susan P. Griffith | 2020 | 980,770 | - | 9,500,037 | - | 4,707,694 | - | 32,022 | 15,220,523 | 62% |
| President & CEO | 2019 | 888,461 | - | 9,000,104 | - | 4,047,253 | - | 105,454 | 14,041,272 | 64% |
| | 2018 | 791,346 | - | 11,000,133 | - | 2,267,207 | | 114,239 | 14,172,925 | 78% |
| John P. Sauerland | 2020 | 672,115 | - | 2,275,137 | - | 1,935,692 | - | 12,750 | 4,895,694 | 46% |
| VP & CFO | 2019 | 622,115 | - | 2,187,622 | - | 1,746,713 | | 12,000 | 4,568,450 | 48% |
| | 2018 | 597,115 | - | 5,100,092 | - | 1,425,613 | - | 12,000 | 7,134,820 | 71% |
| Patrick K. Callahan | 2020 | 565,384 | - | 1,650,123 | - | 1,628,307 | - | 12,000 | 3,855,814 | 43% |
| President - Personal | 2019 | 491,346 | - | 1,375,087 | - | 1,351,399 | - | 12,000 | 3,229,832 | 43% |
| | 2018 | 418,654 | - | 935,031 | - | 799,629 | - | 12,000 | 2,165,314 | 43% |
| John A. Barbagallo | 2020 | 524,423 | - | 1,262,565 | - | 1,006,892 | - | 12,750 | 2,806,630 | 45% |
| President - Commercial | 2019 | 503,269 | - | 1,136,325 | - | 961,244 | - | 12,000 | 2,612,838 | 43% |
| | 2018 | 488,269 | - | 1,078,081 | - | 932,595 | - | 12,000 | 2,510,945 | 43% |
| Michael D. Seiger | 2020 | 516,346 | - | 1,250,095 | - | 991,384 | - | 12,750 | 2,770,575 | 45% |
| President - Claims | 2019 | 469,231 | - | 1,187,618 | - | 896,231 | - | 12,000 | 2,565,080 | 46% |
| | 2018 | 418,654 | - | 935,031 | - | 799,629 | - | 12,000 | 2,165,314 | 43% |

Source: Company reports (proxy statement).

Annual cash bonus. NEOs have the opportunity to earn an annual, performance-based cash bonus under the company's Gainsharing program. These bonuses are determined by multiplying an executive's target bonus by a performance ("Gainshare") factor. The performance factor is determined by assessing growth and profitability of each business and then at an aggregate level; the two key metrics used are the combined ratio and PIF growth. For the investment related bonus plan, the performance factor is based on the PGR fixed-income portfolio's one-year and trailing three-year total returns (including the benefit of state premium tax abatements associated with certain municipal bond holdings) versus those of a benchmark group. For 2020, PGR achieved a Gainshare score of 1.92 out of 2.0 (**Figure 44**).

Figure 61: 2020 Gainsharing Factor Performance Scores

| | | | Business Unit | | Weighted Performance |
|------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------|----------------------|
| | Combined Ratio | Y/Y Change in PIF | Performance Score | Weighting | Score |
| Agency Auto | 85.8% | 9% | 2.00 | 37.8% | 0.76 |
| Direct Auto | 87.7% | 13% | 2.00 | 41.2% | 0.82 |
| Special lines | | 6% | 2.00 | 4.9% | 0.10 |
| Commercial lines | 87.0% | 7% | 2.00 | 11.9% | 0.24 |
| Property | 107.1% | 8% | 0.00 | 4.2% | 0.00 |
| Gainshare Factor | | | | | 1.92 |

Source: Company reports (proxy statement).

Equity-Based Compensation for Insurance Results. At PGR, annual awards of restricted stock units are made in the form of time-based awards (that vest equally over the last three years of a five-year period) and performance-based awards. For 2020, PGR granted time-based restricted stock and performance-based restricted stock to all NEOs. Performance share vesting is based on the growth rate of segments relative to the growth rate of the market (must meet or exceed the market to be at or above target), as well as the maintenance of a 12-month profitability goal which determines vesting. For each of the performance share awards, if the growth goal is achieved over the three-year period, but the 12-month combined ratio goal is not satisfied when the initial vesting determinations are made, the award will remain open for an additional two years. If after the additional two years the profitability goal remains unmet, the awards will expire.

Prudential Financial (PRU)

Figure 62: PRU Executive Compensation Summary

| Name/Job Title | Year | Salary | Bonus | Stock Awards | Option Awards | Non-Equity IP Comp | Change in Pension Value | All Other Comp | Total Comp | Equity-Based Awards / Total Comp |
|-----------------------------|------|-----------|-------|--------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|------------|--|
| Charles F. Lowrey | 2020 | 1,246,154 | | 4,980,063 | 1,682,442 | 5,889,715 | 1,133,852 | 58,028 | 14,990,254 | 44% |
| Chairman & CEO | 2019 | 1,200,000 | | 4,980,009 | 1,666,665 | 6,085,252 | 1,128,436 | 72,577 | 15,132,939 | 44% |
| | 2018 | 794,808 | | 2,499,088 | 854,897 | 5,478,255 | 661,825 | 68,585 | 10,357,458 | 32% |
| Kenneth Y. Tanji | 2020 | 623,077 | | 1,560,093 | 527,040 | 1,767,572 | 531,777 | 30,821 | 5,040,380 | 41% |
| EVP & CFO | 2019 | 600,000 | | 1,560,046 | 522,102 | 1,643,475 | 491,659 | 50,093 | 4,867,375 | 43% |
| | 2018 | 446,404 | | 381,597 | 65,242 | 1,331,611 | 59,264 | 19,024 | 2,303,142 | 19% |
| Robert M. Falzon | 2020 | 1,038,461 | | 3,960,006 | 1,337,850 | 4,636,117 | 937,141 | 76,941 | 11,986,516 | 44% |
| Vice Chairman | 2019 | 1,000,000 | | 3,960,144 | 1,325,304 | 4,754,861 | 938,263 | 104,406 | 12,082,978 | 44% |
| | 2018 | 783,269 | | 2,104,664 | 719,901 | 4,120,282 | 333,217 | 48,988 | 8,110,321 | 35% |
| Scott G. Sleyster | 2020 | 726,923 | | 2,280,076 | 770,274 | 2,936,921 | 922,521 | 35,383 | 7,672,098 | 40% |
| EVP & Head of International | 2019 | 700,000 | | 2,280,038 | 763,062 | 2,750,399 | 950,152 | 52,236 | 7,495,887 | 41% |
| | 2018 | 549,231 | | 1,578,552 | 269,963 | 2,668,958 | 125,875 | 22,256 | 5,214,835 | 35% |
| Andrew F. Sullivan | 2020 | 726,923 | | 1,980,003 | 668,934 | 2,519,639 | 344,172 | 32,101 | 6,271,772 | 42% |
| EVP & Head of U.S. | 2019 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2018 | | | | | | | | | |
| Stephen Pelletler | 2020 | 283,765 | | 2,850,023 | 962,838 | 3,097,048 | 2,054,437 | 9,135 | 9,257,246 | 41% |
| Fmr. EVP & Head of US | 2019 | 770,000 | | 2,850,094 | 953,813 | 5,110,059 | 5,122,625 | 66,252 | 14,872,843 | 26% |
| | 2018 | 770,000 | | 2,499,088 | 854,897 | 5,315,371 | 9,015,685 | 71,250 | 18,526,291 | 18% |

Source: Company reports (proxy statement).

Annual Incentive Compensation.

PRU's annual incentive program is designed to reward strong financial and operational performance that furthers its short-term strategic objectives. Financial performance is determined based on three equally weighted annual performance metrics. For performance year 2020, these were: EPS as compared to a pre-established EPS target; year-over-year change in EPS; and ROE relative to the median ROE of North American Life peers. For performance year 2021, a transformation cost savings metric will replace year-over-year change in EPS. No discretionary adjustments were made by PRU's compensation committee with respect to the pandemic.

Figure 63: PRU annual incentive metrics

| | 2020 EPS | EPS Target Factor | ROE +/- Peer Median | EPS Target Factor |
|--------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| | 16.19 or above | 1.50 | 3% or more | 1.25 |
| | 12.70 | 1.06 | | |
| Target Range | 12.45 | 1.00 | 0% | 1.00 |
| | 12.20 | 0.95 | | |
| | 8.72 or below | 0.50 | -3% or less | 0.75 |
| 2020 Actual | 11.05 | 0.92 | 12.00% | 0.95 |
| | | Fir | nal performance factor: | 0.89 |

Source : Company reports (proxy statement).

Long Term Equity Incentives. PRU's long-term incentive program ties the majority of its executives target total compensation to the achievement of multiyear financial results and other goals related to long-term value creation. For grants made in or prior to February 2020, PRU awarded: performance shares that reward the achievement of long-term ROE goals and increases in the market value of PRU shares; book value units that reward increases in adjusted book value per share; and stock options that reward increases in the market value of PRU shares. In February 2021, PRU discontinued the use of stock options and book value units, incorporating BVPS as a metric in its performance shares program, replacing ROE relative to plan. PRU also introduced restricted stock units (RSUs) and increased the proportion of long-term incentive compensation delivered in the form of performance shares to 75%.

What's the Incentive? For the 2021-2023 performance period, the target avg. ROE is 12.5% for 1.0x factor, 11.0% for 0.75x factor, and 0x for avg. ROE of 10.0% or less. The avg. annual BVPS growth target is 7.0% for 1.0x, 3.5% growth for 0.5x, and 0x for less than 3.5%. PRU is also incorporating an inclusion and diversity modifier of +/- 10%. Consensus forecasts an avg. ROE of 12.3% for the 3 year period, slightly below the target.

Reinsurance Group of America (RGA)

Figure 64: RGA Executive Compensation Summary

| Name/Job Title | Year | Salary | Bonus | Stock Awards | Option Awards | Non-Equity IP Comp | Change in Pension Value | All Other Comp | Total Comp | Equity-Based Awards / Total Comp |
|---------------------------------|------|-----------|-----------|--------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|------------|--|
| Anna Manning | 2020 | 1,030,000 | | 4,312,485 | 1,444,174 | 1,390,500 | 617,725 | 249,349 | 9,044,233 | 64% |
| President and CEO | 2019 | 1,025,385 | - | 3,375,029 | 989,547 | 2,144,954 | 404,102 | 177,258 | 8,116,275 | 54% |
| | 2018 | 992,308 | | 2,812,518 | 1,017,261 | 1,308,840 | 375,734 | 193,761 | 6,700,422 | 57% |
| Todd C. Larson | 2020 | 636,346 | - | 919,112 | 307,796 | 580,500 | 360,017 | 109,992 | 2,913,763 | 42% |
| Sr. EVP and CFO | 2019 | 596,154 | - | 742,518 | 217,692 | 832,992 | 315,487 | 101,994 | 2,806,837 | 34% |
| | 2018 | 566,538 | - | 646,931 | 233,982 | 501,722 | 299,764 | 85,405 | 2,334,342 | 38% |
| Alain P. Néemeh | 2020 | 640,833 | - | 919,112 | 307,796 | 580,500 | 913,754 | 50,236 | 3,412,231 | 36% |
| Sr. EVP and COO | 2019 | 616,667 | - | 767,211 | 224,951 | 860,759 | 2,105,409 | 50,893 | 4,625,890 | 21% |
| | 2018 | 597,250 | | 719,952 | 260,415 | 523,536 | 652,226 | 50,960 | 2,804,339 | 35% |
| Leslie Barbi | 2020 | 561,731 | - | 603,746 | 202,180 | 452,333 | - | 302,721 | 2,122,711 | 38% |
| EVP & Chief Investment Officer | 2019 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2018 | | | | | | | | | |
| Tony Cheng | 2020 | 609,766 | - | 367,456 | 123,043 | 384,126 | 661 | 300,284 | 1,785,336 | 27% |
| EVP, Head of Asia | 2019 | 580,299 | 800,000 | 352,086 | 103,222 | 477,421 | 634 | 288,940 | 2,602,602 | 17% |
| | 2018 | | | | | | | | | |
| John P. Laughlin EVP, GFS | 2020 | 611,154 | - | 553,541 | 185,359 | 399,750 | 403,955 | 69,774 | 2,223,533 | 33% |
| EVP, Global Financial Solutions | 2019 | 591,924 | 1,000,000 | 535,537 | 157,014 | 1,008,025 | 465,909 | 76,250 | 3,834,659 | 18% |
| | 2018 | 570,385 | | 517,484 | 187,178 | 816,914 | 416,198 | 61,362 | 2,569,521 | 27% |

Source: Company reports (proxy statement).

Annual Incentive Compensation.

For its annual incentive compensation program in 2020, RGA incorporated adjusted operating income per share (50% weighting), BVPS excl. AOCI (25%), new business embedded value (15%), and adjusted operating revenue (10%). For 2021, RGA replaced the BVPS component with a strategic scorecard assessing certain focus areas, such as leadership, strategy, expense management, cybersecurity, diversity and inclusion and ESG.

Figure 65: RGA annual incentive metrics

| | Min | Target | Max | Actual | Weight | Payout % |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------|----------|
| Adj. Op. EPS | 12.94 | 13.91 | 14.88 | 7.54 | 50.0% | 0.0% |
| BVPS excl. AOCI | 136.80 | 144.00 | 151.20 | 132.33 | 25.0% | 0.0% |
| New business value | 325.00 | 580.00 | 835.00 | 561.20 | 15.0% | 14.4% |
| Annual Adj. Revenue | 14,121.00 | 14,864.00 | 15,607.00 | 14,595.88 | 10.0% | 8.2% |
| Unadjusted Payout | | | | | | 22.6% |

Source: Company reports (proxy statement).

Long Term Equity Incentives. Each year, after approval by the compensation committee, RGA grants performance contingent share (PCS) awards to the named executive officers and certain other executives. PCS awards represent 75% of the total target long term incentive award of each executive. The remaining 25% of target long term incentive compensation is delivered as share-settled stock appreciation rights (SARs). PCS performance metrics include 3-year averages of adjusted op. ROE (33.5% weighting), adj. op. income (33.5%), and BVPS excl. AOCI (33.0%). Because of the impact of the pandemic on 2020 financial results, this would have significantly reduced or eliminated the value of awards granted in the three separate cycles inclusive of FY20. Thus, RGA's compensation committee utilized discretion to authorize a one-time modification to 2020 awards due to the pandemic, capping payouts on a tiered approach.

What's the Incentive? For RGA's 2021 equity incentives, the compensation committee determined that a one-time award and other design changes were necessary given: the uncertainty related to the length of the business recovery for the reinsurance industry, the zero payout under the 2020 PCS awards, that RGA estimates with a high degree of confidence that payouts for the PCS cycles ending in 2021 and 2022 would also be zero, that these PCS awards have historically comprised 75% of equity for these executives. For 2021 PCS grants, performance metrics were established for each of 2021, 2022 and 2023 as opposed to 3-year cumulative results, with a time-vesting component for 2023. The pre-COVID 3-year targets were: ROE of 10.5% (9.5% threshold), adj. op income of \$2.82b (\$2.6b threshold), and BVPS excl. AOCI of \$162.80 (\$154.66 threshold). Consensus forecasts are for 3-yr avg. ROE of 8.0% (2021: 5.4%, 2022: 9.7%, 2023: 9%). These are below the pre-COVID PCS targets, but we believe RGA's compensation committee will continue to evaluate modifications to ensure employees and executives

remain incentivized and rewarded for performance despite the pandemic's impact.



RenaissanceRe Holdings

Figure 66: RNR Executive Compensation Summary

| Name/Job Title | Year | Salary | Bonus | Stock Awards | Option Awards | Non-Equity IP Comp | Change in Pension Value | All Other Comp | Total Comp | Equity-Based Awards / Total Comp |
|----------------------------|------|-----------|-------|--------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|------------|--|
| Kevin J. O'Donnell | 2020 | 1,100,000 | - | 4,674,754 | - | 2,900,258 | - | 881,623 | 9,556,635 | 49% |
| CEO, President & CUO | 2019 | 1,100,000 | - | 4,674,908 | - | 4,232,250 | - | 761,001 | 10,768,159 | 43% |
| | 2018 | 1,070,000 | - | 4,643,024 | - | 4,331,250 | - | 775,089 | 10,819,363 | 43% |
| Robert Qutub | 2020 | 635,000 | - | 1,678,440 | - | 930,134 | - | 396,421 | 3,639,995 | 46% |
| EVP & CFO | 2019 | 635,000 | - | 1,428,566 | - | 1,357,313 | - | 369,447 | 3,790,326 | 38% |
| | 2018 | 610,000 | - | 1,491,254 | - | 1,389,063 | - | 472,633 | 3,962,950 | 38% |
| Ross Arthur Curtis | 2020 | 675,000 | - | 1,768,412 | - | 988,725 | - | 189,280 | 3,621,417 | 49% |
| SVP & Group CUO | 2019 | 675,000 | - | 1,518,563 | - | 1,442,813 | - | 199,059 | 3,835,435 | 40% |
| | 2018 | 654,167 | - | 1,599,335 | - | 1,476,563 | - | 162,728 | 3,892,793 | 41% |
| lan D. Branagan | 2020 | 609,900 | - | 1,666,512 | - | 939,677 | - | 179,610 | 3,395,699 | 49% |
| SVP and Chief Risk Officer | 2019 | 598,500 | - | 1,309,056 | - | 1,345,797 | - | 190,196 | 3,443,549 | 38% |
| | 2018 | 572,923 | - | 1,417,394 | - | 1,256,063 | - | 129,693 | 3,376,073 | 42% |
| Stephen H. Weinstein | 2020 | 525,000 | - | 1,431,020 | - | 79,946 | - | 1,026,161 | 3,062,127 | 47% |
| SVP and General Counsel | 2019 | 525,000 | - | 1,181,072 | - | 1,122,188 | - | 420,733 | 3,248,993 | 36% |
| | 2018 | 515,000 | - | 1,331,158 | - | 1,148,438 | - | 389,813 | 3,384,409 | 39% |

Source: Company reports (proxy statement).

Annual Cash Bonus. RNR's annual cash bonus is awarded as 0 to 200% of an executive's target bonus level and is determined using a mix of quantitative and qualitative factors. For 2020, the quantitative factors were unchanged; the program considers combined ratio relative to peers, operating return on average common equity relative to peers, and ratio of GWP to budget. When combined with an evaluation of strategic initiatives, the resulting business performance factor used for the NEOs' annual incentive bonus decreased to 105% in 2020 vs 171% in 2019.

Figure 67: Determinants of RNR's Business Performance Factor

| | | | | Payout a % of | | Contribution to |
|--------------------------|------------------------|------------|------------|---------------|-----------|-----------------|
| Metric | Baseline | 2019 | 2020 | Target | Weighting | Bonus Pool |
| Combined Ratio | Actual vs Peer Average | 92.3% | 101.9% | 120% | 16.7% | 20.0% |
| Operating ROE | Actual vs Peer Medial | 8.0% | 0.2% | 0 | 33.3% | 0.0% |
| Gross Written Premium | Actual vs. Budget | \$4.8bb | \$5.8bb | 114% | 16.7% | 19.0% |
| Strategic Accomplishment | Pre-Established Goals | Score 2.65 | Score 2.78 | 198% | 33.3% | 65.9% |

Source: Company reports.

Equity Incentive Awards. In 2020, RNR revamped its LTI program structure following a lower-than-expected "say-on-pay vote" in 2019. The program is comprised of 50% PSUs and the remainder in RSUs, with a three-year performance period versus the previous annual "banking" of shares with a three year vesting period. Finally, 75% of PSUs will be based on growth in book value per share plus change in accumulated dividends over three years, while 25% will be based on 3-yr average underwriting expense ratio. 2019 performance shares remain based on growth in tangible book value per common share plus change in accumulated dividends.

The matrix for 2020 performance shares is indicated in **Figure 46**.

Figure 68: Performance targets for 2020 PSUs

| Performance Level | Growth in TBVPS + Accumulated Dividends | Vesting Level (% of Target) | Underwriting Expense Ratio Rank | Vesting Level (% of Target) | |
|-------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Below Threshold | <3.5% | 0% | <6 | 0% | |
| Threshold | 3.50% | 35% | 6 | 35% | |
| Target | 7% | 100% | 10 | 100% | |
| Maximum | 14% | 200% | 19 | 200% | |

Source : Company reports.

What's the Incentive? For RNR's legacy 2019 PSUs, growth in tangible book value plus change in accumulated dividends must be 7% or higher annually; for 2020 awards, *average* growth in tangible book value plus change in accumulated dividends must remain above 7%. In 2020, RNR earned a 17.9% growth in TBVPS plus change in accumulated dividend. Therefore, in order for both 2019 and a 2020 BVPS performance shares to reach target for the 2021 award year, RNR must report above 7% TBVPS growth plus change in accumulated dividends.



Travelers Companies

Figure 69: TRV Executive Compensation Summary

| Name/Job Title | Year | Salary | Bonus | Stock Awards | Option Awards | Non-Equity IP Comp | Change in Pension Value | All Other Comp | Total Comp | Equity-Based Awards / Total Comp |
|---------------------------------------|------|-----------|-------|--------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|------------|--|
| Alan D. Schnitzer | 2020 | 1,300,000 | | 6,450,017 | 4,300,009 | 6,200,000 | 701,662 | 38,582 | 18,990,270 | 57% |
| Chairman & CEO | 2019 | 1,000,000 | | 5,399,999 | 3,600,004 | 6,000,000 | 676,671 | 102,135 | 16,778,809 | 54% |
| | 2018 | 1,000,000 | | 4,920,031 | 3,279,992 | 5,200,000 | 208,246 | 39,944 | 14,648,213 | 56% |
| Daniel Frey | 2020 | 700,000 | | 1,260,040 | 840,004 | 2,100,000 | 215,402 | 7,000 | 5,122,446 | 41% |
| EVP & CFO | 2019 | 687,739 | | 974,993 | 649,994 | 1,750,000 | 160,906 | 6,939 | 4,230,571 | 38% |
| | 2018 | 461,552 | | 185,510 | 117,005 | 1,000,000 | 31,333 | 11,500 | 1,806,900 | 17% |
| Avrohom J. Kess | 2020 | 900,000 | | 1,619,995 | 1,080,003 | 2,755,000 | 214,441 | 7,000 | 6,576,439 | 41% |
| Executive VP & President, BI | 2019 | 887,739 | | 1,530,059 | 1,020,006 | 2,675,000 | 183,974 | 6,662 | 6,303,440 | 40% |
| | 2018 | 850,000 | | 1,440,050 | 959,999 | 2,625,000 | 128,054 | 6,500 | 6,009,603 | 40% |
| Gregory Toczydlowski | 2020 | 750,000 | | 1,140,055 | 760,004 | 2,315,000 | 457,448 | 23,860 | 5,446,367 | 35% |
| EVP and President, Business Insurance | 2019 | 737,739 | | 1,049,944 | 700,004 | 2,250,000 | 509,846 | 10,088 | 5,257,621 | 33% |
| | 2018 | 700,000 | | 1,050,037 | 699,998 | 2,300,000 | 97,870 | 7,370 | 4,855,275 | 36% |
| Michael F. Klein | 2020 | 700,000 | | 1,050,034 | 700,008 | 2,165,000 | 450,908 | 70,648 | 5,136,598 | 34% |
| EVP & President, Personal Insurance | 2019 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2018 | | | | | | | | | |

Source: Company reports (proxy statement).

Performance-Based Annual Cash Bonus. The annual cash bonus at Travelers is informed by specific performance metrics, although the actual payout is not formulaic which can be disconnected from individual performance. Key metrics are disclosed in the proxy and are below in **Figure 50**.

Figure 70: TRV annual incentive compensation key metrics

| | 20 | 19 | 2020 | | | |
|-------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--|--|
| Metric | Target | Actual | Target | Actual | | |
| Core ROE | 11.8% | 10.9% | 11.0% | 11.3% | | |
| Adj. Core ROE | 15.0% | 14.6% | 15.2% | 17.2% | | |
| Core Income | \$2.70B | \$2.54B | \$2.62B | \$2.69B | | |
| Core Income p/sh | \$10.16 | \$9.60 | \$10.18 | \$10.48 | | |
| Core Income x/ cat, A&E | \$3.67B | \$3.47B | \$3.68B | \$4.24B | | |

Source: Company reports (proxy statements).

Stock-Based Long-Term Incentives. TRV awards long-term compensation to its NEOs as stock options (~40%) and performance shares (~60%). Performance shares are based upon achieving a pre-determined average adjusted ROE over a three-year period. The ROE vesting target has remained at 10%, the same as in the prior five years (Figure 56). The decision to maintain the same 10% ROE target was reflective of the Compensation Committee's view that this target was above industry ROE for both 2019 and 2020, as well as the 10 year historical industry average, and higher than TRV's cost of equity. For the 2018-2020 performance awards, the ROE achieved for the performance period was 12.4% and thus the shares vested at 106.9%.

Figure 71: 2020 and 2021 TRV Performance Share Vesting

| 2021 | Vesting % |
|-------|-----------|
| <8.0% | 0% |
| 8.0% | 50% |
| 8.5% | 75% |
| 10.0% | 100% |
| 10.5% | 110% |
| 11.0% | 120% |
| 11.5% | 130% |
| 12.0% | 140% |
| 12.5% | 150% |
| 13.0% | 160% |
| 14.5% | 180% |
| 16.0% | 200% |

Source : Company reports (proxy statement).



Unum Group (UNM)

Figure 72: UNM Executive Compensation Summary

| Name/Job Title | Year | Salary | Bonus | Stock Awards | Option Awards | Non-Equity IP Comp | Change in Pension Value | All Other Comp | Total Comp | Equity-Based Awards / Total Comp |
|------------------------------------|------|-----------|-------|--------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|------------|--|
| Richard McKenney | 2020 | 1,078,846 | - | 9,906,877 | | 1,812,462 | 167,000 | 293,553 | 13,258,738 | 75% |
| Pres. & CEO | 2019 | 1,000,000 | - | 6,420,903 | | 1,710,000 | 161,000 | 435,283 | 9,727,186 | 66% |
| | 2018 | 1,000,000 | - | 6,564,575 | | 1,900,000 | - | 432,286 | 9,896,861 | 66% |
| Steven Zabel | 2020 | 617,308 | - | 938,550 | - | 597,554 | - | 120,050 | 2,273,462 | 41% |
| EVP, CFO | 2019 | 456,308 | - | 280,159 | | 410,335 | | 73,235 | 1,220,037 | 23% |
| | 2018 | | | | | | | | | |
| Michael Simonds | 2020 | 718,846 | - | 2,114,113 | | 735,785 | 368,000 | 139,885 | 4,076,629 | 52% |
| EVP, COO | 2019 | 634,817 | - | 1,261,822 | | 628,469 | 340,000 | 143,048 | 3,008,156 | 42% |
| | 2018 | 627,418 | - | 1,125,485 | | 627,418 | - | 146,822 | 2,527,143 | 45% |
| Timothy Arnold | 2020 | 519,267 | - | 1,004,033 | - | 355,179 | 299,000 | 227,746 | 2,405,225 | 42% |
| EVP Vol. Benefits & Pres. Colonial | 2019 | 500,035 | - | 682,420 | | 405,029 | 304,000 | 298,749 | 2,190,233 | 31% |
| | 2018 | 497,144 | - | 636,801 | - | 447,429 | - | 245,965 | 1,827,339 | 35% |
| Lisa iglesias | 2020 | 571,154 | - | 1,118,060 | | 434,077 | | 109,804 | 2,233,095 | 50% |
| EVP, General Counsel | 2019 | 544,277 | - | 780,971 | | 465,357 | - | 112,906 | 1,903,511 | 41% |
| | 2018 | 521,315 | - | 690,652 | | 469,184 | - | 104,501 | 1,785,652 | 39% |

Source: Company reports (proxy statement).

Annual Incentive Compensation.

UNM determines annual incentive compensation based on adj. op. EPS (35% weighting), adj. op. ROE (15%), earned premium (15%), sales (15%), customer experience (10%) and operating expense ratio (10%). The funding of awards under UNM's annual incentive plan is conditioned on the company achieving a specified level of performance. The plan requires \$250 million of statutory after-tax operating earnings to fund payments under the plan, which helps to ensure UNM's commitments to shareholders and creditors. The company successfully achieved the performance requirement for funding the 2020 annual incentive awards and the long-term incentive grants made in March 2021.

Figure 73: UNM annual incentive metrics

| | Threshold | Target | Maxmium | Actual | Weight | Result |
|-------------------------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|--------|-----------------------|
| Adj. Op. EPS | 3.65 | 4.87 | 5.24 | 4.93 | 35% | Slightly above target |
| Adj. Op. ROE | 7.8% | 10.4% | 11.2% | 10.7% | 15% | Slightly above target |
| Earned premium | 7,392.0 | 8,696.5 | 9,566.1 | 8,383.7 | 15% | Slightly above target |
| Sales | 1,406.8 | 1,875.8 | 2,110.3 | 1,503.1 | 15% | Below target |
| Customer experience | 225.0% | 300.0% | 337.5% | 303.0% | 10% | Slightly above target |
| Operating expense ratio | 19.4% | 17.4% | 16.4% | 17.8% | 10% | Below target |

Source: Company reports (proxy statement).

Long Term Equity Incentives. UNM allocates long-term incentive compensation through 50% performance-based restricted stock unites (PBRSUs) and 50% performance share units (PSUs). The former vests ratably over 3 years and the latter vests at the end of each 3 year period. In 2020, the compensation committee also conditioned the funding of grants under the long-term incentive plan on the same performance requirement as the annual incentive plan, which requires \$250m of statutory after-tax operating earnings. The PSUs vest based on the achievement of three-year, prospective (2020-2022) average adjusted operating earnings per share and average adjusted operating return on equity goals, and the achievement will be modified (up to +/-20%) based on UNM's total shareholder return relative to the peer group.

What's the Incentive? For 2020-2022, the PSU targeted 3 year average adj. ROE is 11.8% with a threshold of 8.9% and a maximum of 13.6%. The targeted 3 year average adj. op. EPS is \$6.16, with a threshold of \$4.62 and a maximum of \$7.08. Consensus forecasts are for an average 3 year operating ROE of 9.5% and adj. operating EPS of \$5.02 between 2020-2022. These are both below the target, but above the threshold and within the range.



Voya (VOYA)

Figure 74: VOYA Executive Compensation Summary

| Name/Job Title | Year | Salary | Bonus | Stock Awards | Option Awards | Non-Equity IP Comp | Change in Pension Value | All Other Comp | Total Comp | Equity-Based Awards / Total Comp |
|-------------------------------------|------|-----------|---------|--------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|------------|--|
| Rodney O. Martin, Jr. | 2020 | 1,200,000 | | 9,106,533 | | 3,000,000 | 40,936 | 249,539 | 13,597,008 | 67% |
| Chairman & CEO | 2019 | 1,000,000 | | 8,141,671 | | 3,140,000 | 41,986 | 230,634 | 12,554,291 | 65% |
| | 2018 | 1,000,000 | | 7,072,591 | | 3,140,000 | 39,581 | 85,739 | 11,337,911 | 62% |
| Michael S. Smith | 2020 | 640,000 | | 2,877,880 | | 1,290,240 | 57,605 | 69,692 | 4,935,417 | 58% |
| Vice Chairman & CFO | 2019 | 637,500 | | 1,905,932 | 980,778 | 1,512,000 | 55,012 | 68,770 | 5,159,992 | 56% |
| | 2018 | 625,000 | | 2,239,635 | | 1,375,000 | 25,523 | 67,360 | 4,332,518 | 52% |
| Christine Hurtsellers | 2020 | 600,000 | | 2,590,085 | | 1,900,800 | 264,925 | 58,592 | 5,414,402 | 48% |
| CEO Inv. Mgmt | 2019 | 600,000 | | 2,299,546 | 980,778 | 2,138,400 | 331,801 | 68,770 | 6,419,295 | 51% |
| | 2018 | 600,000 | | 2,357,513 | | 2,625,000 | | 67,360 | 5,649,873 | 42% |
| Charles P. Nelson | 2020 | 730,000 | - | 2,701,108 | | 1,156,320 | 44,688 | 70,388 | 4,702,504 | 57% |
| Vice Chairman, Chief Growth Officer | 2019 | 725,000 | | 1,864,472 | 980,778 | 1,300,860 | 42,626 | 87,660 | 5,001,396 | 57% |
| | 2018 | 700,000 | 233,334 | 2,292,021 | | 1,375,000 | 30,413 | 73,591 | 4,704,359 | 49% |
| Margaret M. Parent | 2020 | 620,000 | | 1,414,613 | | 1,145,760 | 42,170 | 51,300 | 3,273,843 | 43% |
| Fmr. EVP & CAO | 2019 | 616,667 | | 978,790 | 980,778 | 1,406,160 | 39,049 | 50,400 | 4,071,844 | 48% |
| | 2018 | | | | | | | | | |

Source: Company reports (proxy statement).

Annual Incentive Compensation.

For VOYA's annual incentive awards, preliminary annual compensation amounts are based on the target annual incentive compensation amounts for each of its named executive officers, on financial performance under three financial measures: adjusted operating earnings (50% weighting), adjusted operating return on allocated capital (35%) and strategic indicators (15%). The strategic indicators are defined by VOYA as a portfolio of indicators that drive growth and margin expansion. The indicators include net flows growth, in-force premium growth and cost savings from VOYA's strategic investment program, which contribute to the achievement of its ROE goal.

Figure 75: VOYA annual incentive metrics

| | Weight | Min | Target | Max | Actual | Payout % |
|--------------------------------------|--------|-------|--------|-------|--------|----------|
| Adj. Op. Earnings (\$m) | 50% | 579 | 724 | 869 | 694 | 90% |
| Adj. Op. Return on Allocated Capital | 35% | 14.1% | 17.6% | 21.1% | 17.8% | 103% |
| Strategic Indicators | 15% | 1.5 | 3.0 | 4.5 | 3.0 | 100% |
| Total | 100% | | | | | 96% |

Source: Company reports (proxy statement).

Long Term Equity Incentives. Long-term incentive equity awards are granted annually in performance stock units, based on adjusted operating ROE (20% weighting), adj. op. EPS (30%), and relative total shareholder return vs. the peer group (50%). In 2020, the weighting for EPS was increased by 5 percentage points, taken from the ROE weighting.

What's the Incentive? The performance equity awards granted for 2020 performance targeted a 10.4% adj. op. ROE, with a minimum of 9.3%, and targeted adj. op. EPS of \$4.56, with a minimum of \$4.11. Consensus forecasts are for an average operating ROE of 12.5% and avg. op. EPS of \$5.35 from 2020-2022, above the 2020 target.



US Insurance 3 August 2021 & UBS 41

W.R. Berkley Corporation

Figure 76: WRB Executive Compensation Summary

| Name/Job Title | Year | Salary | Bonus | Stock Awards | Option Awards | Non-Equity IP Comp | Change in Pension Value | All Other Comp | Total Comp | Equity-Based Awards / Total Comp |
|----------------------------|------|-----------|---------|--------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------|------------|--|
| William Robert Berkley Jr. | 2020 | 1,000,000 | | 3,575,058 | | 4,999,850 | | 407,820 | 9,982,728 | 36% |
| President & CEO | 2019 | 1,000,000 | | 3,575,014 | | 5,939,145 | - | 503,772 | 11,017,931 | 32% |
| | 2018 | 1,000,000 | | 3,575,022 | | 6,707,250 | | 570,589 | 11,852,861 | 30% |
| William Robert Berkley | 2020 | 1,000,000 | | 3,575,058 | | 4,999,850 | - | 578,948 | 10,153,856 | 35% |
| Executive Chairman | 2019 | 1,000,000 | | 3,575,014 | | 6,154,926 | - | 559,084 | 11,289,024 | 32% |
| | 2018 | 1,000,000 | | 3,575,022 | | 7,192,950 | | 557,869 | 12,325,841 | 29% |
| Richard M. Baio | 2020 | 646,667 | | 522,529 | | 755,240 | - | 52,153 | 1,976,589 | 26% |
| EVP and CFO | 2019 | 625,000 | | 522,564 | | 786,551 | | 56,730 | 1,990,845 | 26% |
| | 2018 | 591,667 | | 440,063 | | 792,645 | | 53,730 | 1,878,105 | 23% |
| James Gerald Shiel | 2020 | 650,000 | | 522,529 | | 795,695 | | 52,420 | 2,020,644 | 26% |
| EVP - Investments | 2019 | 650,000 | | 522,564 | | 902,551 | | 58,980 | 2,134,095 | 24% |
| | 2018 | 650,000 | | 522,531 | | 1,032,155 | | 58,980 | 2,263,666 | 23% |
| Lucille Sgaglione | 2020 | 650,000 | | 522,529 | | 783,013 | | 52,210 | 2,007,752 | 26% |
| EVP | 2019 | 650,000 | 500,000 | 522,564 | | 339,345 | | 58,822 | 2,070,731 | 25% |
| | 2018 | 650,000 | 500,000 | 522,531 | | 405,023 | | 58,980 | 2,136,534 | 24% |

Source: Company reports (proxy statement).

Annual Incentive Bonus. Awards under the Annual Incentive Compensation Plan (AICP) are designed to be performance based without overly formulaic. In response to shareholder concerns in 2019, WRB reduced the maximum potential size of the pool from 5.0% of pre-tax income in 2013 to 3.3% in 2015 onwards, with a \$10mm per person cap. The performance metrics used are a long-term ROE of at least 15% and a combined ratio of 95% or less. There are also nonspecific goals for growth in EPS, growth in BVPS (which should be broadly in line with ROE), investment income, consistency in the management team, investments in new businesses, and gains on long-term investments. For 2020, the company earned an ROE of 8.7% and a combined ratio of 94.9%. Overall, AICP payments were flat to down 10% given the lower ROE earned; while WRB's earned ROE fell short of its goal, the committee acknowledged the impact Covid-19 had on results.

Long-Term Incentives. WRB awards its long-term compensation entirely in performance-based programs comprised of RSUS and cash grants. Performance-based RSUs are linked to five year ROE performance, while the cash awards are linked to BVPS growth over five years. Additionally, vested RSUs are mandatorily deferred until the executive leaves the company.

The performance-based RSUs fully vest after five years in three tranches, based upon the three-year average Excess ROE for the periods ending June 30 of 2023, 2024, and 2025. Excess ROE is defined as the average ROE less the rate on the five-year U.S. Treasury Note as of July 1, 2020 (0.31%); target levels are indicated in **Figure 58**.

Figure 77: WRB performance-based RSU Payout Scale

| % Target RSUs earned |
|----------------------------|
| 0% |
| 80% |
| 90% |
| 100% |
| 110% |
| |

Source: Company reports.

一专业的职场人报告咨询平台 (zhituquan.com)



For cash-denominated LTIP awards, the growth in BVPS must surpass a hurdle rate of 12.5% (averaged annually over the performance period) in order for NEOs to earn the maximum award value. For 2021 awards, BVPS must be \$61.17 by the end of 2024 from an opening value of \$33.94. The earned value of LTIP awards is zero if BVPS remained unchanged or decreased as of the end of the five-year period.

What's the Incentive? In order for 2017 cash-based LTIP awards to fully vest, WRB's BVPS would need to be \$49.48 (adjusted for 3-for-2 stock split) by year end 2021, which would require it to appreciate by ~37% from current levels. WRB currently has four tranches of its performance-based RSUs outstanding, all of which are above the average target ROE for 100% payout. In order for 2020 awards to fully vest in 2024, WRB must earn above a 7.8% ROE for the remaining four years of the award cycle.

Figure 78: WRB PSU performance

| Year | 2017-2021 awards | 2018-2022 awards | 2019-2023 awards | 2020-2024 awards |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | |
| 2017 | 10.9% | | | |
| 2018 | 11.8% | 11.8% | | |
| 2019 | 12.5% | 12.5% | 12.5% | |
| 2020 | 8.7% | 8.7% | 8.7% | 8.7% |
| Average ROE | 11.0% | 11.0% | 10.6% | 8.7% |
| ROE needed for 100% vesting | 9.5% | 10.4% | 9.5% | 8.0% |

Source : Company reports, Factset.

Valuation Method and Risk Statement

Loss cost inflation may be better/worse than expected, resulting in better/worse than expected underwriting margins and earnings. Pricing for auto insurance may rise more/less than expected, resulting in better/worse than expected underwriting margins and earnings. Large catastrophe losses could hinder growth in earnings and book value. Our price targets are based upon price-to-book multiples and enterprise value-to-EBITDA multiples.



Required Disclosures

This report has been prepared by UBS Securities LLC, an affiliate of UBS AG. UBS AG, its subsidiaries, branches and affiliates are referred to herein as UBS.

For information on the ways in which UBS manages conflicts and maintains independence of its research product; historical performance information; certain additional disclosures concerning UBS research recommendations; and terms and conditions for certain third party data used in research report, please visit https://www.ubs.com/disclosures. The figures contained in performance charts refer to the past; past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. Additional information will be made available upon request. UBS Securities Co. Limited is licensed to conduct securities investment consultancy businesses by the China Securities Regulatory Commission. UBS acts or may act as principal in the debt securities (or in related derivatives) that may be the subject of this report. This recommendation was finalized on: 03 August 2021 03:52 AM GMT. UBS has designated certain Research department members as Derivatives Research Analysts where those department members publish research principally on the analysis of the price or market for a derivative, and provide information reasonably sufficient upon which to base a decision to enter into a derivatives transaction. Where Derivatives Research Analysts co-author research reports with Equity Research Analysts or Economists, the Derivatives Research Analyst is responsible for the derivatives investment views, forecasts, and/or recommendations. Quantitative Research Review: UBS publishes a quantitative assessment of its analysts' responses to certain questions about the likelihood of an occurrence of a number of short term factors in a product known as the 'Quantitative Research Review'. Views contained in this assessment on a particular stock reflect only the views on those short term factors which are a different timeframe to the 12-month timeframe reflected in any equity rating set out in this note. For the latest responses, please click https://neo.ubs.com/quantitative, or speak to your UBS sales representative for access to the report.

Analyst Certification:

Each research analyst primarily responsible for the content of this research report, in whole or in part, certifies that with respect to each security or issuer that the analyst covered in this report: (1) all of the views expressed accurately reflect his or her personal views about those securities or issuers and were prepared in an independent manner, including with respect to UBS, and (2) no part of his or her compensation was, is, or will be, directly or indirectly, related to the specific recommendations or views expressed by that research analyst in the research report.

UBS Investment Research: Global Equity Rating Definitions

| 12-Month Rating | Definition | Coverage ¹ | IB Services ² |
|-------------------|---|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| Buy | FSR is > 6% above the MRA. | 53% | 32% |
| Neutral | FSR is between -6% and 6% of the MRA. | 36% | 30% |
| Sell | FSR is > 6% below the MRA. | 11% | 21% |
| Short-Term Rating | Definition | Coverage ³ | IB Services ⁴ |
| Buy | Stock price expected to rise within three months from the time the rating was assigned because of a specific catalyst or event. | <1% | <1% |
| Sell | Stock price expected to fall within three months from the time the rating was assigned because of a specific catalyst or event. | <1% | <1% |

Source: UBS. Rating allocations are as of 30 June 2021.

- 1:Percentage of companies under coverage globally within the 12-month rating category.
- 2:Percentage of companies within the 12-month rating category for which investment banking (IB) services were provided within the past 12 months.
- 3: Percentage of companies under coverage globally within the Short-Term rating category.
- 4:Percentage of companies within the Short-Term rating category for which investment banking (IB) services were provided within the past 12 months.

KEY DEFINITIONS: Forecast Stock Return (FSR) is defined as expected percentage price appreciation plus gross dividend yield over the next 12 months. In some cases, this yield may be based on accrued dividends. **Market Return Assumption (MRA)** is defined as the one-year local market interest rate plus 5% (a proxy for, and not a forecast of, the equity risk premium). **Under Review (UR)** Stocks may be flagged as UR by the analyst, indicating that the stock's price target and/or rating are subject to possible change in the near term, usually in response to an event that may affect the investment case or valuation. **Short-Term Ratings** reflect the expected near-term (up to three months) performance of the stock and do not reflect any change in the fundamental view or investment case. **Equity Price Targets** have an investment horizon of 12 months.

EXCEPTIONS AND SPECIAL CASES: UK and European Investment Fund ratings and definitions are: Buy: Positive on factors such as structure, management, performance record, discount; **Neutral:** Neutral on factors such as structure, management, performance record, discount; **Sell:** Negative on factors such as structure, management, performance record, discount. **Core Banding Exceptions (CBE):** Exceptions to the standard +/-6% bands may be granted by the Investment Review Committee (IRC). Factors considered by the IRC include the stock's volatility and the credit spread of the respective company's debt. As a result, stocks deemed to be very high or low risk may be subject to higher or lower bands as they relate to the rating. When such exceptions apply, they will be identified in the Company Disclosures table in the relevant research piece.

¾UBS 45

Research analysts contributing to this report who are employed by any non-US affiliate of UBS Securities LLC are not registered/ qualified as research analysts with FINRA. Such analysts may not be associated persons of UBS Securities LLC and therefore are not subject to the FINRA restrictions on communications with a subject company, public appearances, and trading securities held by a research analyst account. The name of each affiliate and analyst employed by that affiliate contributing to this report, if any, follows.

UBS Securities LLC: Brian Meredith, Michael Ward, Weston Bloomer.

Unless otherwise indicated, please refer to the Valuation and Risk sections within the body of this report. For a complete set of disclosure statements associated with the companies discussed in this report, including information on valuation and risk, please contact UBS Securities LLC, 1285 Avenue of Americas, New York, NY 10019, USA, Attention: Investment Research.



The Disclaimer relevant to Global Wealth Management clients follows the Global Disclaimer.

Global Disclaimer

This document has been prepared by UBS Securities LLC, an affiliate of UBS AG. UBS AG, its subsidiaries, branches and affiliates are referred to herein as UBS.

This Document is provided solely to recipients who are expressly authorized by UBS to receive it. If you are not so authorized you must immediately destroy the Document.

Global Research is provided to our clients through UBS Neo, and in certain instances, UBS.com and any other system or distribution method specifically identified in one or more communications distributed through UBS Neo or UBS.com (each a system) as an approved means for distributing Global Research. It may also be made available through third party vendors and distributed by UBS and/or third parties via e-mail or alternative electronic means. The level and types of services provided by Global Research to a client may vary depending upon various factors such as a client's individual preferences as to the frequency and manner of receiving communications, a client's risk profile and investment focus and perspective (e.g., market wide, sector specific, long-term, short-term, etc.), the size and scope of the overall client relationship with UBS and legal and regulatory constraints.

All Global Research is available on UBS Neo. Please contact your UBS sales representative if you wish to discuss your access to UBS Neo.

When you receive Global Research through a system, your access and/or use of such Global Research is subject to this Global Research Disclaimer and to the UBS Neo Platform Use Agreement (the "Neo Terms") together with any other relevant terms of use governing the applicable System.

When you receive Global Research via a third party vendor, e-mail or other electronic means, you agree that use shall be subject to this Global Research Disclaimer, the Neo Terms and where applicable the UBS Investment Bank terms of business (https://www.ubs.com/global/en/investment-bank/regulatory.html) and to UBS's Terms of Use/Disclaimer (https://www.ubs.com/global/en/legalinfo2/disclaimer.html). In addition, you consent to UBS processing your personal data and using cookies in accordance with our Privacy Statement (https://www.ubs.com/global/en/legalinfo2/privacy.html) and cookie notice (https://www.ubs.com/global/en/le

If you receive Global Research, whether through a System or by any other means, you agree that you shall not copy, revise, amend, create a derivative work, provide to any third party, or in any way commercially exploit any UBS research provided via Global Research or otherwise, and that you shall not extract data from any research or estimates provided to you via Global Research or otherwise, without the prior written consent of UBS.

In certain circumstances (including for example, if you are an academic or a member of the media) you may receive Global Research otherwise than in the capacity of a client of UBS and you understand and agree that (i) the Global Research is provided to you for information purposes only; (ii) for the purposes of receiving it you are not intended to be and will not be treated as a "client" of UBS for any legal or regulatory purpose; (iii) the Global Research must not be relied on or acted upon for any purpose; and (iv) such content is subject to the relevant disclaimers that follow.

This document is for distribution only as may be permitted by law. It is not directed to, or intended for distribution to or use by, any person or entity who is a citizen or resident of or located in any locality, state, country or other jurisdiction where such distribution, publication, availability or use would be contrary to law or regulation or would subject UBS to any registration or licensing requirement within such jurisdiction.

This document is a general communication and is educational in nature; it is not an advertisement nor is it a solicitation or an offer to buy or sell any financial instruments or to participate in any particular trading strategy. Nothing in this document constitutes a representation that any investment strategy or recommendation is suitable or appropriate to an investor's individual circumstances or otherwise constitutes a personal recommendation. By providing this document, none of UBS or its representatives has any responsibility or authority to provide or have provided investment advice in a fiduciary capacity or otherwise. Investments involve risks, and investors should exercise prudence and their own judgment in making their investment decisions. None of UBS or its representatives is suggesting that the recipient or any other person take a specific course of action or any action at all. By receiving this document, the recipient acknowledges and agrees with the intended purpose described above and further disclaims any expectation or belief that the information constitutes investment advice to the recipient or otherwise purports to meet the investment objectives of the recipient. The financial instruments described in the document may not be eligible for sale in all jurisdictions or to certain categories of investors.

Options, structured derivative products and futures (including OTC derivatives) are not suitable for all investors. Trading in these instruments is considered risky and may be appropriate only for sophisticated investors. Prior to buying or selling an option, and for the complete risks relating to options, you must receive a copy of "The Characteristics and Risks of Standardized Options." You may read the document at http://www.theocc.com/publications/risks/risks/niskchap1.jsp or ask your salesperson for a copy. Various theoretical explanations of the risks associated with these instruments have been published. Supporting documentation for any claims, comparisons, recommendations, statistics or other technical data will be supplied upon request. Past performance is not necessarily indicative of the importance of tax considerations to many options transactions, the investor considering options should consult with his/her tax advisor as to how taxes affect the outcome of contemplated options transactions.

Mortgage and asset-backed securities may involve a high degree of risk and may be highly volatile in response to fluctuations in interest rates or other market conditions. Foreign currency rates of exchange may adversely affect the value, price or income of any security or related instrument referred to in the document. For investment advice, trade execution or other enquiries, clients should contact their local sales representative.

The value of any investment or income may go down as well as up, and investors may not get back the full (or any) amount invested. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. Neither UBS nor any of its directors, employees or agents accepts any liability for any loss (including investment loss) or damage arising out of the use of all or any of the Information.

Prior to making any investment or financial decisions, any recipient of this document or the information should take steps to understand the risk and return of the investment and seek individualized advice from his or her personal financial, legal, tax and other professional advisors that takes into account all the particular facts and circumstances of his or her investment objectives.

Any prices stated in this document are for information purposes only and do not represent valuations for individual securities or other financial instruments. There is no representation that any transaction can or could have been effected at those prices, and any prices do not necessarily reflect UBS's internal books and records or theoretical model-based valuations and may be based on certain assumptions. Different assumptions by UBS or any other source may yield substantially different results.

No representation or warranty, either expressed or implied, is provided in relation to the accuracy, completeness or reliability of the information contained in any materials to which this document relates (the "Information"), except with respect to Information concerning UBS. The Information is not intended to be a complete statement or summary of the securities, markets or developments referred to in the document. UBS does not undertake to update or keep current the Information. Any opinions expressed in this document may change without notice and may differ or be contrary to opinions expressed by other business areas or groups, personnel or other representative of UBS. Any statements contained in this report attributed to a third party represent UBS's interpretation of the data, information and/or opinions provided by that third party either publicly or through a subscription service, and such use and interpretation have not been reviewed by the third party. In no circumstances may this document or any of the Information (including any forecast, value, index or other calculated amount ("Values")) be used for any of the following purposes:

- (i) valuation or accounting purposes;
- (ii) to determine the amounts due or payable, the price or the value of any financial instrument or financial contract; or
- (iii) to measure the performance of any financial instrument including, without limitation, for the purpose of tracking the return or performance of any Value or of defining the asset allocation of portfolio or of computing performance fees.

By receiving this document and the Information you will be deemed to represent and warrant to UBS that you will not use this document or any of the Information for any of the above purposes or otherwise rely upon this document or any of the Information.

UBS has policies and procedures, which include, without limitation, independence policies and permanent information barriers, that are intended, and upon which UBS relies, to manage potential conflicts of interest and control the flow of information within divisions of UBS and among its subsidiaries, branches and affiliates. For further information on the ways in which UBS manages conflicts and maintains independence of its research products, historical performance information and certain additional disclosures concerning UBS research recommendations, please visit https://www.ubs.com/disclosures.

Research will initiate, update and cease coverage solely at the discretion of UBS Research Management, which will also have sole discretion on the timing and frequency of any published research product. The analysis contained in this document is based on numerous assumptions. All material information in relation to published research reports, such as valuation methodology, risk statements, underlying assumptions (including sensitivity analysis of those assumptions), ratings history etc. as required by the Market Abuse Regulation, can be found on UBS Neo. Different assumptions could result in materially different results.

The analyst(s) responsible for the preparation of this document may interact with trading desk personnel, sales personnel and other parties for the purpose of gathering, applying and interpreting market information. UBS relies on information barriers to control the flow of information contained in one or more areas within UBS into other areas, units, groups or affiliates of UBS. The compensation of the analyst who prepared this document is determined exclusively by research

management and senior management (not including investment banking). Analyst compensation is not based on investment banking revenues; however, compensation may relate to the revenues of UBS and/or its divisions as a whole, of which investment banking, sales and trading are a part, and UBS's subsidiaries, branches and affiliates as a whole.

For financial instruments admitted to trading on an EU regulated market: UBS AG, its affiliates or subsidiaries (excluding UBS Securities LLC) acts as a market maker or liquidity provider (in accordance with the interpretation of these terms under English law or, if not carried out by UBS in the UK the law of the relevant jurisdiction in which UBS determines it carries out the activity) in the financial instruments of the issuer save that where the activity of liquidity provider is carried out in accordance with the definition given to it by the laws and regulations of any other EU jurisdictions, such information is separately disclosed in this document. For financial instruments admitted to trading on a non-EU regulated market: UBS may act as a market maker save that where this activity is carried out in the US in accordance with the definition given to it by the relevant laws and regulations, such activity will be specifically disclosed in this document. UBS may have issued a warrant the value of which is based on one or more of the financial instruments referred to in the document. UBS and its affiliates and employees may have long or short positions, trade as principal and buy and sell in instruments or derivatives identified herein; such transactions or positions may be inconsistent with the opinions expressed in this document.

Within the past 12 months UBS AG, its affiliates or subsidiaries may have received or provided investment services and activities or ancillary services as per MiFID II which may have given rise to a payment or promise of a payment in relation to these services from or to this company.

Where Global Research refers to "UBS Evidence Lab Inside" or has made use of data provided by UBS Evidence Lab you understand that UBS Evidence Lab is a separate department to Global Research and that UBS Evidence Lab does not provide research, investment recommendations or advice. UBS Evidence Lab may provide services to other internal and external clients.

provide services to other internal and external clients.

United Kingdom: This material is distributed by UBS AG, London Branch to persons who are eligible counterparties or professional clients. UBS AG, London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority and subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority and subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. Europe: Except as otherwise specified herein, these materials are distributed by UBS Europe SE is authorised by the Balin and the ECB. Germany: Where an analyst of UBS Europe SE is authorised by the European Central Bank (ECB) and required by the Balin and the ECB. Germany: Where an analyst of UBS Europe SE and UBS AG, London Branch. Luxembourg, the document is also deemed to have been prepared by UBS Europe SE. In all cases it is distributed by UBS Europe SE. In all cases it is distributed by UBS Europe SE. In all cases it is distributed by UBS Europe SE. In all cases it is distributed to this document, the document is also deemed to have been prepared by UBS Europe SE. In all cases it is distributed by UBS AG, London Branch. No Information in this document is provided for the purpose of offering, marketing and sale by any means of any capital market instrument is also deemed to have been prepared by UBS Europe SE. In all cases it is distributed by UBS AG, London Branch. To Interept Distributed by UBS AG, London Branch is not interest by the Europe SE. In all cases it is controlled by the Europe SE. In all cases it is controlled by UBS AG, London Branch is not interest by the Europe SE. In all cases it is controlled by UBS Europe SE. In all cases it is controlled by UBS Europe SE. In all cases it is controlled by UBS Europe SE. In all cases it is controlled by UBS Europe SE. In all United Kingdom: This material is distributed by UBS AG, London Branch to persons who are eligible counterparties or professional clients. UBS AG, London under the Israeli Advisory Law. This Material is being issued only to and/or is directed only at persons who are Eligine Clients Within the meaning of the Israeli Advisory Law, and this Material must not be furnished to, relied on or acted upon by any other persons. **United States:** Distributed to US persons by either UBS Securities LLC or by UBS Financial Services Inc., subsidiaries of UBS AG; or by a group, subsidiary or affiliate of UBS AG that is not registered as a US broker-dealer (a 'non-US affiliate') to major US institutional investors only. UBS Securities LLC or UBS Financial Services Inc. accepts responsibility for the content of a report prepared by another non-US affiliate when distributed to US persons by UBS Securities LLC or UBS Financial Services Inc., and not through a non-US affiliate. UBS Securities LLC is not acting as a municipal advisor to any municipal entity or obligated person within the meaning of Section 15B of the Securities Exchange Act (the LLC is not acting as a municipal advisor to any municipal entity or obligated person within the meaning of Section 15B of the Securities Exchange Act (the "Municipal Advisor Rule"), and the opinions or views contained herein are not intended to be, and do not constitute, advice within the meaning of the Municipal Advisor Rule. Canada: Distributed by UBS Securities Canada Inc., a registered investment dealer in Canada and a Member-Canadian Investor Protection Fund, or by another affiliate of UBS AG that is registered to conduct business in Canada or is otherwise exempt from registration. Brazil: Except as otherwise specified herein, this material is prepared by UBS Brasil CCTVM S.A.¹ to persons who are eligible investors residing in Brazil, which are considered to be Investidores Profissionais, as designated by the applicable regulation, mainly the CVM Instruction No. 539 from the 13th of November 2013 (determines the duty to verify the suitability of products, services and transactions with regards to the client's profile). ¹UBS Brasil CCTVM S.A. is a subsidiary of UBS BB Servicos de Assessoris Financeira e Participacoes S.A. ("UBS BB"). UBS BB is an association between UBS AG and Banco do Brasil, of which UBS AG is the majority owner. Mexico: This report has been distributed and prepared by UBS Casa de Bolsa, S.A. de C.V., a subsidiary of UBS AG. This document is intended for distribution to institutional or sophisticated investors only. Research reports only reflect the views of the analysts responsible for the report. Analysts do not receive any compensation from the persons or entities different from UBS Casa de Bolsa, S.A. de C.V., or different from entities belonging to the same financial group or business group of such Hong Kong: Distributed by UBS Securities Asia Limited in respect of any matters arising from, or in connection with, the analysis or document Singapore: Distributed by UBS Securities Pte. Ltd. [MCI (P) 003/08/2020 and Co. Reg. No.: 198500648C] or UBS AG, Singapore Branch, an exempt financi recipients of this document represent and warrant that they are accredited and institutional investors as defined in the Securities and Futures Act (Cap. 289).

Japan: Distributed by UBS Securities Japan Co., Ltd. to professional investors (except as otherwise permitted). Where this report has been prepared by UBS Securities Japan Co., Ltd., UBS Securities Japan Co., Ltd., is the author, publisher and distributor of the report. Distributed by UBS AG, Tokyo Branch to Professional Investors (except as otherwise permitted) in relation to foreign exchange and other banking businesses when relevant. **Australia:** Clients of UBS AG: Distributed by UBS AG (ABN 47 088 129 613 and holder of Australian Financial Services License No. 231087). Clients of UBS Securities Australia Ltd: Distributed by UBS Securities Australia Ltd (ABN 62 008 586 481 and holder of Australian Financial Services License No. 231098). This Document contains general information and/or general advice only and does not constitute personal financial product advice. As such, the Information in this document has been prepared without taking into account any investor's objectives, financial situation or needs, and investors should, before acting on the Information, consider the appropriateness of the Information, having regard to their objectives, financial situation and needs. If the Information contained in this document relates to the acquisition, or potential acquisition of a particular financial product by a 'Retail' client as defined by section 761G of the Corporations Act 2001 where a Product Disclosure Statement would be required, the retail client should obtain and consider the Product Disclosure Statement relating to the product before making any decision about whether to acquire the product. **New Zealand**: Distributed by UBS New Zealand Ltd. UBS New Zealand Ltd is not a registered bank in New Zealand. You are being provided with this UBS publication or material because you have indicated to UBS that you are a "wholesale client" within the meaning of section 5C of the Financial Advisers Act 2008 of New Zealand (Permitted Client). This publication or material is not intended for clients who are not Permitted Clients (non-permitted Clients). If you are a non-permitted Client you must not rely on this publication or material. If despite this warning you nevertheless rely on this



US Insurance 3 August 2021 &UBS 48

publication or material, you hereby (i) acknowledge that you may not rely on the content of this publication or material are not made or provided to you, and (ii) to the maximum extent permitted by law (a) indemnify UBS and its associates or related entities (and their respective Directors, officers, agents and Advisors) (each a "Relevant Person") for any loss, damage, liability or claim any of them may incur or suffer as a result of, or in connection with, your unauthorised reliance on this publication or material and (b) waive any rights or remedies you may have against any Relevant Person for (or in respect of) any loss, damage, liability or claim you may incur or suffer as a result of, or in connection with, your unauthorised reliance on this publication or material. **Korea:** Distributed in Korea by UBS Securities Pte. Ltd., Seoul Branch. This report may have been edited or contributed to from time to time by affiliates of UBS Securities Pte. Ltd., Seoul Branch. This material is intended for professional/institutional clients only and not for distribution to any retail clients. **Malaysia:** This material is intended for professional/institutional clients only and not for distribution to any retail clients. **India:** Distributed by UBS Securities India Private Ltd. (Corporate Identity Number U57120MH1996PTC097299) 2/F, 2 North Avenue, Maker Maxity, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai (India) 400051. Phone: +912261556000. It provides brokerage services bearing SEBI Registration Number: INX000259830; merchant banking services bearing SEBI Registration Number: INX00001204. UBS AG, its affiliates or subsidiaries may have debt holdings or positions in the subject Indian company/companies. Within the past 12 months, UBS AG, its affiliates or subsidiaries may have debt holdings or positions in the subject Indian company/companies. Within the past 12 months, UBS AG, its affiliates or subsidiaries may have debt holdings or positions in the subject Indian company/companies may have heen a client/clients of UBS A

The disclosures contained in research documents produced by UBS AG, London Branch or UBS Europe SE shall be governed by and construed in accordance with English law.

UBS specifically prohibits the redistribution of this document in whole or in part without the written permission of UBS and in any event UBS accepts no liability whatsoever for any redistribution of this document or its contents or the actions of third parties in this respect. Images may depict objects or elements that are protected by third party copyright, trademarks and other intellectual property rights. © UBS 2021. The key symbol and UBS are among the registered and unregistered trademarks of UBS. All rights reserved.

Global Wealth Management Disclaimer

You receive this document in your capacity as a client of UBS Global Wealth Management. This publication has been distributed to you by UBS Switzerland AG (regulated by FINMA in Switzerland) or its affiliates ("UBS") with whom you have a banking relationship with. The full name of the distributing affiliate and its competent authority can be found in the country-specific disclaimer at the end of this document.

The date and time of the first dissemination of this publication is the same as the date and time of its publication.

Risk information

You agree that you shall not copy, revise, amend, create a derivative work, provide to any third party, or in any way commercially exploit any UBS research, and that you shall not extract data from any research or estimates, without the prior written consent of UBS.

This document is for distribution only as may be permitted by law. It is not directed to, or intended for distribution to or use by, any person or entity who is a citizen or resident of or located in any locality, state, country or other jurisdiction where such distribution, publication, availability or use would be contrary to law or regulation or would subject UBS to any registration or licensing requirement within such jurisdiction.

This document is **for your information only**; it is not an advertisement nor is it a solicitation or an offer to buy or sell any financial instruments or to participate in any particular trading strategy. Nothing in this document constitutes a representation that any investment strategy or recommendation is suitable or appropriate to an investor's individual circumstances or otherwise constitutes a personal recommendation. By providing this document, none of UBS or its representatives has any responsibility or authority to provide or have provided investment advice in a fiduciary capacity or otherwise. Investments involve risks, and investors should exercise prudence and their own judgment in making their investment decisions. None of UBS or its representatives is suggesting that the recipient or any other person take a specific course of action or any action at all. By receiving this document, the recipient acknowledges and agrees with the intended purpose described above and further disclaims any expectation or belief that the information constitutes investment advice to the recipient or otherwise purports to meet the investment objectives of the recipient. The financial instruments described in the document may not be eligible for sale in all jurisdictions or to certain categories of investors.

Options, derivative products and futures are not suitable for all investors, and trading in these instruments is considered risky. Mortgage and asset-backed securities may involve a high degree of risk and may be highly volatile in response to fluctuations in interest rates or other market conditions. Foreign currency rates of exchange may adversely affect the value, price or income of any security or related instrument referred to in the document. For investment advice, trade execution or other enquiries, clients should contact their local sales representative.

The value of any investment or income may go down as well as up, and investors may not get back the full (or any) amount invested. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. Neither UBS nor any of its directors, employees or agents accepts any liability for any loss (including investment loss) or damage arising out of the use of all or any of the information (as defined below).

Prior to making any investment or financial decisions, any recipient of this document or the information should take steps to understand the risk and return of the investment and seek individualized advice from his or her personal financial, legal, tax and other professional advisors that takes into account all the particular facts and circumstances of his or her investment objectives.

Any prices stated in this document are for information purposes only and do not represent valuations for individual securities or other financial instruments. There is no representation that any transaction can or could have been effected at those prices, and any prices do not necessarily reflect UBS's internal books and records or theoretical model-based valuations and may be based on certain assumptions. Different assumptions by UBS or any other source may yield substantially different results.

No representation or warranty, either expressed or implied, is provided in relation to the accuracy, completeness or reliability of the information contained in any materials to which this document relates (the "Information"), except with respect to Information concerning UBS. The Information is not intended to be a complete statement or summary of the securities, markets or developments referred to in the document. UBS does not undertake to update or keep current the Information. Any opinions expressed in this document may change without notice and may differ or be contrary to opinions expressed by other business areas or groups, personnel or other representative of UBS. Any statements contained in this report attributed to a third party represent UBS's interpretation of the data, information and/or opinions provided by that third party either publicly or through a subscription service, and such use and interpretation have not been reviewed by the third party. In no circumstances may this document or any of the Information (including any forecast, value, index or other calculated amount ("Values")) be used for any of the following purposes: (i) valuation or accounting purposes; (ii) to determine the amounts due or payable, the price or the value of any financial instrument or financial contract; or (iii) to measure the performance of any financial instrument including, without limitation, for the purpose of tracking the return or performance of any Value or of defining the asset allocation of portfolio or of computing performance

By receiving this document and the Information you will be deemed to represent and warrant to UBS that you will not use this document or any of the Information for any of the above purposes or otherwise rely upon this document or any of the Information.

UBS has policies and procedures, which include, without limitation, independence policies and permanent information barriers, that are intended, and upon which UBS relies, to manage potential conflicts of interest and control the flow of information within divisions of UBS (including between Global Wealth Management and UBS Global Research) and among its subsidiaries, branches and affiliates. For further information on the ways in which UBS manages conflicts and maintains independence of its research products, historical performance information and certain additional disclosures concerning UBS research recommendations, please visit https://www.ubs.com/disclosures.

US Insurance 3 August 2021

Research will initiate, update and cease coverage solely at the discretion of research management, which will also have sole discretion on the timing and frequency of any published research product. The analysis contained in this document is based on numerous assumptions. Different assumptions could result in materially different results.

The analyst(s) responsible for the preparation of this document may interact with trading desk personnel, sales personnel and other parties for the purpose of gathering, applying and interpreting market information. UBS relies on information barriers to control the flow of information contained in one or more areas within UBS into other areas, units, groups or affiliates of UBS. The compensation of the analyst who prepared this document is determined exclusively by research management and senior management (not including investment banking). Analyst compensation is not based on investment banking revenues; however, compensation may relate to the revenues of UBS and/or its divisions as a whole, of which investment banking, sales and trading are a part, and UBS's subsidiaries, branches and affiliates as a whole.

For financial instruments admitted to trading on an EU regulated market: UBS AG, its affiliates or subsidiaries (excluding UBS Securities LLC) acts as a market maker or liquidity provider (in accordance with the interpretation of these terms in the UK) in the financial instruments of the issuer save that where the activity of liquidity provider is carried out in accordance with the definition given to it by the laws and regulations of any other EU jurisdictions, such information is separately disclosed in this document. For financial instruments admitted to trading on a non-EU regulated market: UBS may act as a market maker save that where this activity is carried out in the US in accordance with the definition given to it by the relevant laws and regulations, such activity will be specifically disclosed in this document. UBS may have issued a warrant the value of which is based on one or more of the financial instruments referred to in the document. UBS and its affiliates and employees may have long or short positions, trade as principal and buy and sell in instruments or derivatives identified herein; such transactions or positions may be inconsistent with the opinions expressed in this document.

Options and futures are not suitable for all investors, and trading in these instruments is considered risky and may be appropriate only for sophisticated investors. Prior to buying or selling an option, and for the complete risks relating to options, you must receive a copy of "Characteristics and Risks of Standardized Options". You may read the document at https://www.theocc.com/about/publications/character-risks.jsp or ask your financial advisor for a copy.

Investing in structured investments involves significant risks. For a detailed discussion of the risks involved in investing in any particular structured investment, you must read the relevant offering materials for that investment. Structured investments are unsecured obligations of a particular issuer with returns linked to the performance of an underlying asset. Depending on the terms of the investment, investors could lose all or a substantial portion of their investment based on the performance of the underlying asset. Investors could also lose their entire investment if the issuer becomes insolvent. UBS Financial Services Inc. does not guarantee in any way the obligations or the financial condition of any issuer or the accuracy of any financial information provided by any issuer. Structured investments are not traditional investments and investing in a structured investment is not equivalent to investing directly in the underlying asset. Structured investments may have limited or no liquidity, and investors should be prepared to hold their investment to maturity. The return of structured investments may be limited by a maximum gain, participation rate or other feature. Structured investments may include call features and, if a structured investment is called early, investors would not earn any further return and may not be able to reinvest in similar investments with similar terms. Structured investments include costs and fees which are generally embedded in the price of the investment. The tax treatment of a structured investment may be complex and may differ from a direct investment in the underlying asset. UBS Financial Services Inc. and its employees do not provide tax advice. Investors should consult their own tax advisor about their own tax situation before investing in any securities.

Important Information About Sustainable Investing Strategies: Sustainable investing strategies aim to consider and incorporate environmental, social and governance (ESG) factors into investment process and portfolio construction. Strategies across geographies and styles approach ESG analysis and incorporate the findings in a variety of ways. Incorporating ESG factors or Sustainable Investing considerations may inhibit the portfolio manager's ability to participate in certain investment opportunities that otherwise would be consistent with its investment objective and other principal investment strategies. The returns on a portfolio consisting primarily of sustainable investments may be lower or higher than portfolios where ESG factors, exclusions, or other sustainability issues are not considered by the portfolio manager, and the investment opportunities available to such portfolios may differ. Companies may not necessarily meet high performance standards on all aspects of ESG or sustainable investing issues; there is also no guarantee that any company will meet expectations in connection with corporate responsibility, sustainability, and/or impact performance.

Within the past 12 months UBS Switzerland AG, its affiliates or subsidiaries may have received or provided investment services and activities or ancillary services as per MiFID II which may have given rise to a payment or promise of a payment in relation to these services from or to this company.

If you require detailed information on disclosures of interest or conflict of interest as required by Market Abuse Regulation please contact the mailbox MAR_disclosures_twopager@ubs.com. Please note that e-mail communication is unsecured.

External Asset Managers / External Financial Consultants: In case this research or publication is provided to an External Asset Manager or an External Financial Consultant, UBS expressly prohibits that it is redistributed by the External Asset Manager or the External Financial Consultant and is made available to their clients and/or third parties.

Austria: This publication is not intended to constitute a public offer under Austrian law. It is distributed only for information purposes to clients of UBS Europe SE, Niederlassung Österreich, with place of business at Wächtergasse 1, A-1010 Wien. UBS Europe SE, Niederlassung Österreich is subject to the joint supervision of the European Central Bank ("ECB"), the German Central Bank (Deutsche Bundesbank), the German Federal Financial Services Supervisory Authority (Bundesanstalt für Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht), as well as of the Austrian Financial Market Authority (Finanzmarktaufsicht, FMA), to which this publication has not been submitted for approval. UBS Europe SE is a credit institution constituted under German law in the form of a Societas Europaea, duly authorized by the ECB. Bahrain: UBS is a Swiss bank not licensed, supervised or regulated in Bahrain by the Central Bank of Bahrain to undertake banking or investment business activities in Bahrain. Therefore, prospects/clients have no protection under local banking and investment services laws and regulations. Brazil: This report is only intended for Brazilian residents who are directly purchasing or selling securities in the Brazil capital market through a local authorized institution. Canada: The information contained herein is not, and under no circumstances is to be construed as, a prospectus, an advertisement, a public offering, an offer to sell securities described herein, solicitation of an offer to buy securities described herein, in Canada or any province or territory thereof. Any offer or sale of the securities described herein in Canada will be made only under an exemption from the requirements to file a prospectus with the relevant Canadian securities regulators and only by a dealer properly registered under applicable securities laws or, alternatively, pursuant to an exemption from the dealer registration requirement in the relevant province or territory of Canada in which such offer or sale is made. Under no circumstances is the information contained herein to be construed as investment advice in any province or territory of Canada and is not tailored to the needs of the recipient. To the extent that the information contained herein references securities of an issuer incorporated, formed or created under the laws of Canada or a province or territory of Canada, any trades in such securities must be conducted through a dealer registered in Canada or, alternatively, pursuant to a dealer registration exemption. No securities commission or similar regulatory authority in Canada has reviewed or in any way passed upon these materials, the information contained herein or the merits of the securities described herein and any representation to the contrary is an offence. In Canada, this publication is distributed by UBS Investment Management Canada Inc. **China**: This research report is neither intended to be distributed to PRC investors nor to provide securities investment consultancy services within the territory of PRC. **Czech Republic**: UBS is not a licensed bank in the Czech Republic and thus is not allowed to provide regulated banking or investment services in the Czech Republic. This communication and/or material is distributed for marketing purposes and constitutes a "Commercial Message" under the laws of Czech Republic in relation to banking and/or investment services. Please notify UBS if you do not wish to receive any further correspondence. **Denmark**: This publication is not intended to constitute a public offer under Danish law. It is distributed only for information purposes to clients of UBS Europe SE, Denmark Branch, filial af UBS Europe SE, with place of business at Sankt Annae Plads 13, 1250 Copenhagen, Denmark, registered with the Danish Commerce and Companies Agency, under No. 38 17 24 33. UBS Europe SE, Denmark Branch, filial af UBS Europe SE is subject to the joint supervision of the European Central Bank ("ECB"), the German Central Bank (Deutsche Bundesbank), the German Federal Financial Services Supervisory Authority (Bundesanstalt für Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht), as well as of the Danish Financial Supervisory Authority (Finanstilsynet), to which this publication has not been submitted for approval. UBS Europe SE is a credit institution constituted under German law in the form of a Societa's Europaea, duly authorized by the ECB. Egypt: Securities or other investment products are not being offered or sold by UBS to the public in Egypt and they have not been and will not be registered with the Egyptian Financial Regulatory Authority (FRA). France: This publication is not intended to constitute a public offer under French law, it does not constitute a personal recommendation as it is distributed only for information purposes to clients of UBS (France) S.A., French "société anonyme" with share capital of € 132.975.556, at 69 boulevard Haussmann F-75008 Paris, registered with the "Registre du Commerce et des Sociétés" of Paris under N° B 421 255 670. UBS (France) S.A. is a provider of investment services duly authorized according to the terms of the "Code monétaire et financier", regulated by French banking and financial authorities as the "Autorité de contrôle prudentiel et de résolution", to which this publication has not been submitted for approval. Germany: This publication is not intended to constitute a public offer under German law. It is distributed only for information purposes to clients of UBS Europe SE, Germany, with place of business at Bockenheimer Landstrasse 2-4, 60306 Frankfurt am Main. UBS Europe SE is a credit institution constituted under German law in the form of a Societas Europaea, duly authorized by the European Central Bank ("ECB"), and supervised by the ECB, the German Central Bank (Deutsche Bundesbank) and the German Federal Financial Services Supervisory Authority (Bundesanstalt für Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht), to which this publication has not been submitted for approval. **Greece**: UBS AG and its subsidiaries and affiliates (UBS) are premier global financial services firms offering wealth management services to individual, corporate and institutional investors. UBS AG and UBS Switzerland AG are established in Switzerland and operate under Swiss law. UBS operates in over 50 countries and from all major financial centers. UBS is not licensed as a bank or financial institution under Greek legislation and does not provide banking, nor financial services in Greece. Consequently, UBS provides such services from branches outside of Greece, only. No information in this document is provided for the purpose of offering, marketing and sale by any means of any capital market instruments and services in Greece. Therefore, this document may not be considered as a public offering made or to be made to residents of Greece. Hong Kong: This publication is distributed to clients of UBS AG Hong Kong Branch by UBS AG Hong Kong Branch, a licensed bank under the Hong Kong Banking Ordinance and a registered institution under the Securities and Futures Ordinance. UBS AG Hong Kong Branch is incorporated in Switzerland with limited liability. **India**: UBS Securities India Private Ltd. (Corporate Identity Number U67120MH1996PTC097299) 2/F, 2 North Avenue, Maker Maxity, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai (India) 400051. Phone: +912261556000. It provides brokerage services bearing SEBI Registration Number: INM000010809 and Research Analyst services bearing SEBI Registration Number: INH000001204. UBS AG, its affiliates



US Insurance 3 August 2021 & UBS 50

or subsidiaries may have debt holdings or positions in the subject Indian company/companies. Within the past 12 months, UBS AG, its affiliates or subsidiaries may have received compensation for non-investment banking securities-related services and/or non-securities services from the subject Indian company/companies. The subject company/companies may have been a client/clients of UBS AG, its affiliates or subsidiaries during the 12 months preceding the date of distribution of the research report with respect to investment banking and/or non-investment banking securities-related services and/or non-securities services. With regard to information on associates, please refer to the Annual Report at: http://www.ubs.com/global/en/about_ubs/investor_relations/annualreporting.html. Indonesia: This material was provided to you as a result of a request received by UBS from you and/or persons entitled to make the request on your behalf. Should you have received the material erroneously, UBS asks that you kindly destroy/delete it and inform UBS immediately. Any and all advice provided and/or trades executed by UBS pursuant to the material will only have been provided upon your specific request or executed upon your specific instructions, as the case may be, and may be deemed as such by UBS and you. The material may not have been reviewed, approved, disapproved or endorsed by any financial or regulatory authority in your jurisdiction. The relevant investments will be subject to restrictions and obligations on transfer as set forth in the material, and by receiving the material you undertake to comply fully with such restrictions and obligations. You should carefully study and ensure that you understand and exercise due care and discretion in considering your investment objective, risk appetite and personal circumstances against the risk of the investment. You are advised to seek independent professional advice in case of doubt. Israel: ÚBS is a premier global financial firm offering wealth management, asset management and investment banking services from its headquarters in Switzerland and its operations in over 50 countries worldwide to individual, corporate and institutional investors. In Israel, UBS Switzerland AG is registered as Foreign Dealer in cooperation with UBS Wealth Management Israel Ltd., a wholly owned UBS subsidiary. UBS Wealth Management Israel Ltd. is a Portfolio Manager licensee which engages also in Investment Marketing and is regulated by the Israel Securities Authority. This publication is intended for information only and is not intended as an offer to buy or solicitation of an offer. Furthermore, this publication is not intended as an investment advice and/or investment marketing and is not replacing any investment advice and/or investment marketing provided by the relevant licensee which is adjusted to each person needs. No action has been, or will be, taken in Israel that would permit an offering of the product(s) mentioned in this document or a distribution of this document to the public in Israel. In particular, this document has not been reviewed or approved by the Israeli Securities Authority. The product(s) mentioned in this document is/are being offered to a limited number of sophisticated investors who qualify as one of the investors listed in the first supplement to the Israeli Securities Law, 5728-1968. This document may not be reproduced or used for any other purpose, nor be furnished to any other person other than those to whom copies have been sent. Anyone who purchases the product(s) mentioned herein shall do so for its own benefit and for its own account and not with the aim or intention of distributing or offering the product(s) to other parties. Anyone who purchases the product(s) shall do so in accordance with its own understanding and discretion and after it has received any relevant financial, legal, business, tax or other advice or opinion required by it in connection with such purchase(s). The word "advice" and/or any of its derivatives shall be read and construed in conjunction with the definition of the term "investment marketing" as defined under the Israeli Regulation of Investment Advice, Investment Marketing and Portfolio Management Law, 1995. The Swiss laws and regulations require a number of mandatory disclosures to be made in independent financial research reports or recommendations. Pursuant to the Swiss Financial Market Infrastructure Act and the Financial Market Infrastructure Ordinance-FINMA, banks must disclose the percentage of voting rights they hold in companies being researched, if these holdings are equal to or exceed the statutory thresholds. In addition, the Directives on the Independence of Financial Research, issued by the Swiss Bankers Association, mandate a number of disclosures, including the disclosure of potential conflicts of interest, the participation within previous 12 months in any securities issues on behalf of the company being researched, as well as the fact that remuneration paid to the financial analysts is based generally upon the performance of (i) the new issues department or investment banking; or (ii) securities trading performance (including proprietary trading) or sales. Italy: This publication is not intended to constitute a public offer under Italian law. It is distributed only for information purposes to clients of UBS Europe SE, Succursale Italia, with place of business at Via del Vecchio Politecnico, 3-20121 Milano. UBS Europe SE, Succursale Italia, with the joint supervision of the European Central Bank ("ECB"), the German Central Bank (Deutsche Bundesbank), the German Federal Financial Services Supervisory Authority (Bundesanstalt für Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht), as well as of the Bank of Italy (Banca d'Italia) and the Italian Financial Markets Supervisory Authority (CONSOB - Commissione Nazionale per le Società e la Borsa), to which this publication has not been submitted for approval. UBS Europe SE is a credit institution constituted under German law in the form of a Societas Europaea, duly authorized by the ECB. Jersey: UBS AG, Jersey Branch, is regulated and authorized by the Jersey Financial Services Commission for the conduct of banking, funds and investment business. Where services are provided from outside Jersey, they will not be covered by the Jersey regulatory regime. UBS AG, Jersey Branch is a branch of UBS AG a public company limited by shares, incorporated in Switzerland whose registered offices are at Aeschenvorstadt 1, CH-4051 Basel and Bahnhofstrasse 45, CH 8001 Zurich. UBS AG, Jerséy Branch's principal place of business is 1, IFC Jersey, St Helier, Jersey, JE2 3BX. **Luxembourg**: This publication is not intended to constitute a public offer under Luxembourg law. It is distributed only for information purposes to clients of UBS Europe SE, Luxembourg Branch ("UBS LUX"), R.C.S. Luxembourg n° B209123, with registered office at 33A, Avenue J. F. Kennedy, L-1855 Luxembourg. UBS LUX is a branch of UBS Europe SE, a credit institution constituted under German law in the form of a Societas Europaea (HRB n° 107046), with registered office at Bockenheimer Landstrasse 2-4, D-60306 Frankfurt am Main, Germany, duly authorized by the German Federal Financial Services Supervisory Authority (Bundesanstalt für Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht – "BaFin") and subject to the joint prudential supervision of BaFin, the central bank of Germany (Deutsche Bundesbank) and the European Central Bank. UBS LUX is furthermore supervised by the Luxembourg prudential supervisory authority (Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier), in its role as host member state authority. This publication has not been submitted for approval to any public supervisory authority. Malaysia: This material was provided to you as a result of a request received by UBS from you and/or persons entitled to make the request on your behalf. Should you have received the material erroneously, UBS asks that you kindly destroy/delete it and inform UBS immediately. Any and all advice provided and/or trades executed by UBS pursuant to the material will only have been provided upon your specific request or executed upon your specific instructions, as the case may be, and may be deemed as such by UBS and you. The material may not have been reviewed, approved, disapproved or endorsed by any financial or regulatory authority in your jurisdiction. The relevant investments will be subject to restrictions and obligations on transfer as set forth in the material, and by receiving the material you undertake to comply fully with such restrictions and obligations. You should carefully study and ensure that you understand and exercise due care and discretion in considering your investment objective, risk appetite and bersonal circumstances against the risk of the investment. You are advised to seek independent professional advice in case of doubt. **Mexico**: This information is distributed by UBS Asesores México, S.A. de C.V. ("UBS Asesores"), an affiliate of UBS Switzerland AG, incorporated as a non-independent investment advisor under the Mexican regulation due to the relation with a Foreign Bank. UBS Asesores is registered under number 30060-001-(14115)-21/06/2016 and subject to the supervision of the Mexican Banking and Securities Commission ("CNBV") exclusively regarding the rendering of (i) portfolio management services, (ii) securities investment advisory services, analysis and issuance of individual investment recommendations, and (iii) anti-money laundering matters. This UBS publication or any material related thereto is addressed only to Sophisticated or Institutional Investors located in Mexico. Research reports only reflect the views of the analysts responsible for the report. The compensation of the analyst(s) who prepared this report is determined exclusively by research management and senior management of any entity of UBS Group to which such analyst(s) render services. Nigeria: UBS Switzerland AG and its affiliates (UBS) are not licensed, supervised or regulated in Nigeria by the Central Bank of Nigeria or the Nigerian Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and do not undertake banking or investment business activities in Nigeria. The investment products mentioned in this material are not being offered or sold by UBS to the public in Nigeria and they have not been submitted for approval nor registered with the Nigerian SEC. If you are interested in products of this nature, please let us know and we will direct you to someone who can advise you. The investment products mentioned in this material are not being directed to, and are not being made available for subscription by any persons within Nigeria other than the selected investors to whom the offer materials have been addressed as a private sale or domestic concern within the exemption and meaning of Section 69(2) of the Investments and Securities Act, 2007 (ISA). Any material relating to Collective Investment Schemes has been provided to you at your specific unsolicited request and for your information only. The investment products mentioned in such material are not being offered or made available for sale by UBS in Nigeria and they have not been submitted for approval nor registered with the Nigerian SEC. **Philippines**: This material was provided to you as a result of a request received by UBS from you and/or persons entitled to make the request on your behalf. Should you have received the material erroneously, UBS asks that you kindly destroy/delete it and inform UBS immediately. Any and all advice provided and/or trades executed by UBS pursuant to the material will only have been provided upon your specific request or executed upon your specific instructions, as the case may be, and may be deemed as such by UBS and you. The material may not have been reviewed, approved, disapproved or endorsed by any financial or regulatory authority in your jurisdiction. The relevant investments will be subject to restrictions and obligations on transfer as set forth in the material, and by receiving the material you undertake to comply fully with such restrictions and obligations. You should carefully study and ensure that you understand and exercise due care and discretion in considering your investment objective, risk appetite and personal circumstances against the risk of the investment. You are advised to seek independent professional advice in case of doubt. **Poland**: UBS is a premier global financial services firm offering wealth management services to individual, corporate and institutional investors. UBS is established in Switzerland and operates under Swiss law and in over 50 countries and from all major financial centres. UBS Switzerland AG is not licensed as a bank or as an investment firm under Polish legislation and is not permitted to provide banking and financial services in Poland. **Portugal**: UBS Switzerland AG is not licensed to conduct banking and financial activities in Portugal nor is UBS Switzerland AG is not licensed by the portuguese regulators (Bank of Portugal "Banco de Portugal" and Portuguese Securities Exchange Commission "Comissão do Mercado de Valores Mobiliários"). **Qatar**: UBS Qatar LLC is authorized by the Qatar Financial Centre Regulatory Authority, with QFC no. 01169, and has its registered office at 14th Floor, Burj Alfardan Tower, Building 157, Street No. 301, Area No. 69, Al Majdami, Lusail, Qatar LUC neither offers any brokerage services nor executes any order with, for or on behalf of its clients. A client order will have to be placed with, and executed by, UBS Switzerland AG in Switzerland or an affiliate of UBS Switzerland AG, that is domiciled outside Qatar. It is in the sole discretion of UBS Switzerland AG in Switzerland or its affiliate to accept or reject an order and UBS Qatar LLC does not have authority to provide a confirmation in this respect. UBS Qatar LLC may however communicate payment orders and investment instructions to UBS Switzerland AG in Switzerland for receipt, acceptance and execution. UBS Qatar LLC is not authorized to act for and on behalf of UBS Switzerland AG or an affiliate of UBS Switzerland AG. This document and any attachments hereto are intended for eligible counterparties and business customers only. Russia: This document or information contained therein is for information purposes only and constitutes neither a public nor a private offering, is not an invitation to make offers, to sell, exchange or otherwise transfer any financial instruments in the Russian Federation to or for the benefit of any Russian person or entity and does not constitute an advertisement or offering of securities in the Russian Federation within the meaning of Russian securities laws. The information contained herein is not an "individual investment recommendation" as defined in Federal Law of 22 April 1996 No 39-FZ "On Securities Market" (as amended) and the financial instruments and operations specified herein may not be suitable for your investment profile or your investment goals or expectations. The determination of whether or not such financial instruments and operations are in your interests or are suitable for your investment goals, investment horizon or the acceptable risk level is your



responsibility. We assume no liability for any losses connected with making any such operations or investing into any such financial instruments and we do not recommend to use such information as the only source of information for making an investment decision. **Saudi Arabia**: UBS Saudi Arabia is authorised and regulated by the Capital Market Authority to conduct securities business under licence number 08113-37. Singapore: This material was provided to you as a result of a request received by UBS from you and/or persons entitled to make the request on your behalf. Should you have received the material erroneously, UBS asks that you kindly destroy/delete it and inform UBS immediately. Clients of UBS AG Singapore branch are asked to please contact UBS AG Singapore branch, an exempt financial adviser under the Singapore Financial Advisers Act (Cap. 110) and a wholesale bank licensed under the Singapore Banking Act (Cap. 19) regulated by the Monetary Authority of Singapore, in respect of any matters arising from, or in connection with, the analysis or report. UBS AG is incorporated in Switzerland with limited liability. UBS AG has a branch registered in Singapore (UEN S98FC5560C). **Spain**: This publication is not intended to constitute a public offer under Spanish law. It is distributed only for information purposes to clients of UBS Europe SE, Sucursal en España, with place of business at Calle María de Molina 4, C.P. 28006, Madrid. UBS Europe SE, Sucursal en España is subject to the joint supervision of the European Central Bank ("ECB"), the German Central bank (Deutsche Bundesbank), the German Federal Financial Services Supervisory Authority (Bundesanstalt für Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht), as well as of the Spanish supervisory authority (Banco de España), to which this publication has not been submitted for approval. Additionally it is authorized to provide investment services on securities and financial instruments, regarding which it is supervised by the Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores as well. UBS Europe SE, Sucursal en España is a branch of UBS Europe SE, a credit institution constituted under German law in the form of a Societas Europaea, duly authorized by the ECB. Sweden: This publication is not intended to constitute a public offer under Swedish law. It is distributed only for information purposes to clients of UBS Europe SÉ, Sweden Bankfilial, with place of business at Regeringsgatan 38, 11153 Stockholm, Sweden, registered with the Swedish Companies Registration Office under Reg. No 516406-1011. UBS Europe SE, Sweden Bankfilial is subject to the joint supervision of the European Central Bank ("ECB"), the German Central bank (Deutsche Bundesbank), the German Federal Financial Services Supervisory Authority (Bundesanstalt für Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht), as well as of the Swedish supervisory authority (Finansinspektionen), to which this publication has not been submitted for approval. UBS Europe SE is a credit institution constituted under German law in the form of a Societas Europaea, duly authorized by the ECB. **Taiwan**: This material is provided by UBS AG, Taipei Branch in accordance with laws of Taiwan, in agreement with or at the request of clients/prospects. **Thailand**: This material was provided to you as a result of a request received by UBS from you and/or persons entitled to make the request on your behalf. Should you have received the material erroneously, UBS asks that you kindly destroy/delete it and inform UBS immediately. Any and all advice provided and/or trades executed by UBS pursuant to the material will only have been provided upon your specific request or executed upon your specific instructions, as the case may be, and may be deemed as such by UBS and you. The material may not have been reviewed, approved, disapproved or endorsed by any financial or regulatory authority in your jurisdiction. The relevant investments will be subject to restrictions and obligations on transfer as set forth in the material, and by receiving the material you undertake to comply fully with such restrictions and obligations. You should carefully study and ensure that you understand and exercise due care and discretion in considering your investment objective, risk appetite and personal circumstances against the risk of the investment. You are advised to seek independent professional advice in case of doubt. **Turkey**: No information in this document is provided for the purpose of offering, marketing and sale by any means of any capital market instruments and services in the Republic of Turkey. Therefore, this document may not be considered as an offer made or to be made to residents of the Republic of Turkey in the Republic of Turkey. UBS Switzerland AG is not licensed by the Turkish Capital Market Board (the CMB) under the provisions of the Capital Market Law (Law No. 6362). Accordingly neither this document nor any other offering material related to the instruments/services may be utilized in connection with providing any capital market services to persons within the Republic of Turkey without the prior approval of the CMB. However, according to article 15 (d) (ii) of the Decree No. 32 there is no restriction on the purchase or sale of the instruments by residents of the Republic of Turkey. United Arab Emirates (UAE): UBS is not a financial institution licensed in the United Arab Emirates (UAE) by the Central Bank of the UAE nor by the Emirates' Securities and Commodities Authority and does not undertake banking activities in the UAE. UBS AG Dubai Branch is licensed by the DFSA in the DIFC. **United Kingdom**: This document is issued by UBS Wealth Management, a division of UBS AG which is authorised and regulated by the Financial Market Supervisory Authority in Switzerland. In the United Kingdom, UBS AG is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. Details about the extent of regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority are available from us on request. A member of the London Stock Exchange. This publication is distributed to retail clients of UBS Wealth Management. Ukraine: UBS is not registered and licensed as a bank/financial institution under Ukrainian legislation and does not provide banking and other financial services in Ukraine. UBS has not made and will not make any offer of the mentioned products to the public in Ukraine. No action has been taken to authorize an offer of the mentioned products to the public in Ukraine and the distribution of this document shall not constitute financial services for the purposes of the Law of Ukraine "On Financial Services and State Regulation of Financial Services Markets" dated 12 July 2001. Accordingly, nothing in this document or any other document, information or communication related to the mentioned products shall be interpreted as containing an offer or invitation to offer, or solicitation of securities in the territory of Ukraine. Electronic communication must not be considered as an offer to enter into an electronic agreement or electronic instrument within the meaning of the Law of Ukraine "On Electronic Commerce" dated 3 September 2015. This document is strictly for private use by its holder and may not be passed on to third parties or otherwise publicly distributed. USA: Distributed to US persons by UBS Financial Services Inc. or UBS Securities LLC, subsidiaries of UBS AG. UBS Switzerland AG, UBS Europe SE, UBS Bank, S.A., UBS Brasil Administradora de Valores Mobiliários Ltda., UBS Asesores México, S.A. de C.V., UBS Securities Japan Co., Ltd., UBS Wealth Management Israel Ltd. and UBS Menkul Degerler AS are affiliates of UBS AG. UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico is a subsidiary of UBS Financial Services Inc. UBS Financial Services Inc. accepts responsibility for the content of a report prepared by a non-US affiliate when it distributes reports to US persons. All transactions by a US person in the securities mentioned in this report should be effected through a US-registered broker dealer affiliated with UBS, and not through a non-US affiliate. The contents of this report have not been and will not be approved by any securities or investment authority in the United States or elsewhere. UBS Financial Services Inc. is not acting as a municipal advisor to any municipal entity or obligated person within the meaning of Section 15B of the Securities Exchange Act (the "Municipal Advisor Rule") and the opinions of views contained herein are not intended to be, and do not constitute, advice within the meaning of the Municipal Advisor Rule.

© UBS 2021. The key symbol and UBS are among the registered and unregistered trademarks of UBS. All rights reserved.





US Insurance 3 August 2021